The Constitution.

VOL. VIII. ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1876 NO. 176

Daily Constitution.

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
Office: 36 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TERMS:

DAILY, One Year.....$10 00
" Six Months..... 5 00
WEEKLY, One Year..... 2 00
" Six Months..... 1 00

Postage for one year, on Daily, 60 cents; Weekly, 15 cents.

☞ Subscription and Postage must be paid in advance. When postage is not remitted, a deduction in time will be made sufficient to cover postage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVERTISEMENTS, THE RATES NAMED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

Length of Square Ten Lines.	1 w'k	2 w'ks	3 w'ks	4 w'ks
One Square.....	$ 3.50	$ 6.00	$ 8.00	$ 9.50
Two Square.....	6.50	11.50	15.50	18.00
Three Squares..	9.00	16.50	22.00	26.50
Four Squares...	11.00	20.00	27.00	33.00
Five Squares....	13.00	23.00	31.50	39.00
Six Squares.....	14.50	25.50	35.50	44.00
Seven Squares..	16.00	27.00	39.00	48.50
Half Column....	30.00	50.00	70.00	85.00
One Column.....	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.00

Advertisements inserted three times a week, one-fourth off the table rates; two times a week, one-half off the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minstrel Companies and such like amusements, $1 per square for first insertion, and 75 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of any kind in "Preferred Locals" 25 cents per line each insertion. "City Locals" (in brevier) 20 cents per line, each insertion; in "Local and Business," 15 cents per line, each insertion. "Captions" are counted as two lines. A line is estimated at 6 words. Contract rates reasonable. TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS must be paid in advance.

MONDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 10.

MR. CLARENCE STEPHENS having become postmaster at Crawfordville, Mr. H W Baldwin is now the editor of the Home Journal. He promises to give his readers a high-toned reliable paper, and we believe he will do it.

THE exact number of the Georgia railroad company's stockholders is fourteen hundred and eighty-four. Just that number are being made happy by the receipt of a four-per cent semi-annual dividend. The Georgia road has resumed.

THE Eatonton Messenger has passed into the hands of Messrs. Douglass and Etheridge, both practical printers, who will spare no pains to print the paper in a creditable manner. Mr. Reese will continue to be its editor. With such a combination the Messenger can not fail to be satisfactory and successful.

MR. MARSCHALK, JR., has left the Cartersville Advocate, disgusted "with the precarious and vexatious business of publishing newspapers." He falls back on the plow as a tiller of the soil. In the meanwhile his father continues to get out the Advocate in an excellent and satisfactory manner.

"THERE exists," says the Atlanta correspondent of the Augusta Chronicle, "a growing conviction that all exemption laws ought to be repealed. Men of business experience says no capitalists in the world will seek Georgia as long as she maintains such a system of laws—laws that will not secure creditors in their investments unless they be dealing every time with an honest man."

THE office of the secretary of the state grange has been moved from Macon to Bolingbroke. When the state grange was organized in 1873 the secretary's office was at Bolingbroke, which was then known as Colaparchee. The little town is fifteen miles from Macon, and enjoys daily mails and express facilities. The Georgia Grange believes that the secretary's office should be kept as far removed from the contaminating influences of large commercial centers as possible. Hence the move to Bolingbroke alias Colaparchee.

'HALIFAX," says "there is some talk of enforcing the law or re-enacting a law taxing watches and jewelry in this state at the coming session of the legislature. It is estimated that there are $50,000,000 worth of jewelry in this state on which there is no tax paid, (this estimate is not from official sources), and at the present rate of taxation this jewelry alone would realize $250,000, and it would come from a class of people who are able to pay it, and would serve to increase the revenue of the state, or else reduce the rate of taxation, and either is a most desirable object to be attained."

THE Cuthbert Appeal gives its readers a brief and pointed sermon on the contraction of debts:

Half the perplexity, annoyance and trouble that men have in this world is in consequence of getting into debt. It seems to be natural for some people to buy, and incur obligations without measure, so long as they can avoid paying away ready cash. Give one of this sort a chance to buy on a credit, and the question of payments are matters that he cares but little about it. But what a crop of trouble springs up from the seed of debt. How many gray hairs it brings, and how often it shortens life; sometimes leading men to commit suicide or murder. And yet how easy to keep clear of this terrible monster. Every living man should from a fixed and unalterable determination, before commencing his active business career, not to incur one penny of indebtedness under any circumstances. Never buy anything unless you have the money to pay for it at once. Pay no attention to the "rare chances," "splendid opportunities," bargains," and the like. Such are only traps set to catch victims. If you see anything that you would like to accept, look first at your money pile, and make the answer depend on that. Always pay as you go. If you are short of money, gauge your demands accordingly.

The certificate of baptism of Madame Adelina Patti has lately discovered, and has been published by the Spanish papers. It is dated 8th April, 1843, and certifies that on that day Don Jose Losada, vicar of the parish of Saint Louis, Madrid, solemnly baptized a child born in Fuencarral street, in the same city, at four o'clock in the afternoon of the 19th of February, 1843, daughter of Salvatori Patti, professor of music, a native Cantania, in Sicily, and of Caterina Patti, nee Chiesa a native of Rome. The child's god-parents gave her the name of Adele Jeanne-Marie, (query, Adelina Maria Clorinda?) The family settled in New York when she was about a year old, which gave rise to the belief, once general, that she is a native of this city.

—The New York World's reporter has been interviewing the stewards of the various vessels on which the dynamite man has taken passage. He is described to have been a fat, good tempered scoundrel, with gold spectacles, a prodigious appetite and a taste for the game of poker. He was very sociable with his fellow passengers, and after a pleasant evening in their company would go smilingly off to his state room and tinker at infernal machines to blow them up. Altogether, he seems to have been some thing after the Count Fosco style of villain.

—Sig. Tagliapietra, one of the baritons of Miss Adelaide Phillips' opera company, was arrested the other day in Cincinnati, on complaint of a local manager, for refusing to sing on New Year's day; and now he has brought an action for false imprisonment, laying his damages at $20,000. These Cincinnati gentlemen seem to have been putting themselves to great trouble in the hope of small returns. Fancy a New York essario arresting Tagliapietra for not ng!—N. Y. Tribune.

—A lightning-rod man of Indianapolis given out invitations for his wedding ch a fair milliner. On Monday, arayed in gorgeous costume, he arrived at her door, together with his friends, and was suavely informed that she had changed her mind. This is sad, very sad; but perhaps it would be quite as well for him not to commence suit for breach of promise. A jury has its prejudices; and a lightning-rod man stands no show.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

The Insurgents.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Late advices from Khadjent say that it is estimated that 25,000 insurgent Turcomans are gathered in the neighborhood of Ardijan, which it is thought will be the chief theatre of war. Ardijan has been fortified and is capable of offering a strenuous resistance.

The Strike.

BRUSSELLS, January 9.—Two battalions of carrabineers have gone to Charleroi, where the strike continues. The troops of the garrison of Brussells have received orders to be in readiness to proceed to Charleroi if their presence should be required.

Report Confirmed.

ROME, January 9.—The report is confirmed that Italy has given notice to her adhesion to Count Andrassy's note, concerning the Turkish reforms.

Buffett's Denial.

PARIS, January 9.—The Constitution, a newspaper, is authorized to deny, that Minister Buffet has made any communication to the press, relative to the candidates favored by the government.

The same journal reports the wife of Gen. Tristany, the noted Carlist leader, has informed the Spanish ambassador at Paris, that her husband will declare allegiance to Alfonso, if he is allowed to retain his military rank. The Madrid government has not yet decided what answer to make.

MADRID, January 9.—An official dispatch received here, states that a Spanish man of-war has captured a vessel under a German flag, laden with a contraband of war. The Cronista is confident that the government will not accept the resignation of the Senor Rubi, financial commissioner to Cuba.

Gold Struck.

CHEYENNE, W. I., January 9.—A very rich deposit of gold has been struck in the Centennial lode, near Lardmie city, at the depth of one hundred feet. A large body of quartz has been found, showing an amount of free gold, which it is believed, exceeds anything ever before seen in rock. A large, solid mass of this rock will be sent to the centennial exhibition.

Railroad Accident.

ODESSA, Jan. 9.—A train filled with military recruits ran of the track yesterday, and plunged down an embankment. The wrecked cars caught on fire before all of the men could be extricated, and man of them were burned to death. The total number of killed is 68, and 54 are injured, several fatally.

Blood.

CONCORD, Jan. 9.—In the LaPage trial physicians testified that the blood found on his clothes and on those of the murdered girl were identical, and that it was human blood.

Supreme Court.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, Jan. 9.—It is stated from Washington that the supreme court stands 7 to 2 in favor of railroads as against bona fide settlers in Osage land cases.

Refused to Pardon Stokes.

ALBANY, January 9—Gov. Tilden has refused to pardon Stokes.

Offices for Union Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A serenade in the interest of securing offices for union soldiers was given by several persons including the president, who said, he was glad to see them, his heart beat in sympathy with theirs, and he would do all in his power for them.

Texas Committee.

WASHINGTON, January 9.—There is much speculation regarding the Texas committee. Under ordinary circumstances Mr. Schleicher, who offered the resolution creating the committee, would be the chairman, but in cases where an investigation pertains to a particular state, the usage is different, as in the case of Louisiana, then Mr. Sayler of Ohio, will probably be chairman. The committee will be announced to-morrow. The work will be more a tour of observation than of taking special testimony. Its departure will be timed so as to meet the president of Mexico, who is reported to be on his way to the frontier.

Discharged.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—Capt. Sawyer, who was on trial for wrecking the Orpheus, has been discharged.

Ministerial.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The ministerial crisis is imminent. A cabinet council was held last night.

Andressy's Note.

PARIS, January 9.—Count Andrassy's note regarding Turkey is not yet officially communicated to the sublime porte. This will occur as soon as an understanding is arrived at between the signatories of the treaty with Paris. If France and England have not officially made known their views in the matter, the delay seems to have arisen through a temporary absence from London of Lord Derby, British foreign minister.

French Affairs.

PARIS, January 9.—An active canvass is being made for Prince Napoleon in Corsica, where a coalition exists against the election of M. Rouher. M. Ollivier has issued an address to the electors of the department of Varne. He favors the alliance of democracy and liberty by the hand of a strong national power. In referring to the past he says that the emperor did not desire to enter into the conflict with Prussia. He did all in his power to preserve the peace. If the intriguers of the irreconcilables has not thwarted his plans and revealed his movements to the enemy, if the emperor had not been betrayed, and if the resources of the country had not been squandered by the revolution, the army of the Rhine would have been victorious.

A Serious Difficulty.

BRUSSELLS, January 10.—It is reported that serious trouble occured at Charleroi last night. The military was obliged to interfere and a number of persons were killed or wounded. A battalion of guards has gone to the scene of trouble from here.

Amnesty to Fenians.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Dion Boucicault has written a strong letter to Disraeli in behalf of Fenian prisoners, arguing the popularity of the measure from the sympathy expressed by English and American audiences at incidents in his plays supposing universal amnesty to the Fenians.

Accident.

LONDON, January 10.—A dispatch from Delhi reports, that during the parade in that city Saturday, Lord Napier was thrown from a horse and had his collar bone broken. He is doing well.

LUCKNOW, January 9.—Lord Carrington had his collar bone broken in a pig sticking expedition. The prince of Wales was one of the party.

Dead.

BOSTON, January 10.—Dr. Howe, founder of the institution for the blind, is dead. Aged 74.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, January 10.—SENATE—Senator Hamilton, of Texas, introduced a bill to secure the speedy completion of the Texas Pacific railroad.

The president to-day sent to the senate the following nomination: Ed. C. Billings to be United States district judge for the district of Louisians, vice Durrel.

Cable Repaired.

NEW YORK, January 10.—The officers of the direct United States cable announce that the repairs to their line have been completed, and communication thereby between this country and Europe was re-established at 11:15 this morning. The line is again open for business.

Cold Weather.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Dispatches state that within the past ten the mercury has fallen 48 degrees at Milwaukee, 46 at Chicago, 45 at Detroit, and 30 at Buffalo. The cold wave is moving eastward rapidly.

English Protest.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Times in a leading article on the warning of English vessels not to approach the Spanish coast east of Bilboa, says that if Spain cannot police her coast, we must. Also the United States might set a good example by insisting that Cuba be no longer allowed to become the plague instead of the pearl of the antilles. The article concludes by recommending that Spain be told that she will be held accountable for every shilling of damage done to foreign vessels by Carlists shells When doubt less after preliminary bluster the remedy would be found easy, and Spain would see clearer the danger of dalleying with civil war.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, January 10.—The supreme court will not deliver Grant's parish decision to-day.

The senate's joint resolutions introduced urging neutrality between Spain and Cuba, and the adoption by the president regulations are similar to those between Spain in the recent conflict with the southern states.

DIED WITH HIS BOOTS ON.

Death of a Ruffian in Cocke County

Knoxville Press and Herald.

Last Friday, at noon, the little town of Newport, in Cocke county, was the scene of a tragedy in which one of the participants was a citizen of this county. The party killed was a

DESPERATE CHARACTER

by the name of Tom Davis, and it was Dick D'Armond at whose hands he met his death. The first information of the affair was brought to this city by Mr. John Parrott, of Parrottsville, who was just entering Newport when the arrest was being made, and heard the discharge of the fatal shot.

The tragedy occurred in this way: Davis is a reckless fellow, and on Thursday night had a difficulty with a man, who took out a warrant for his apprehension. Capt. Jarvis, the sheriff, was too unwell to serve the warrant, and deputized a man named Garrison to do so. Garrison and Davis, however, were not on cordial terms, and by the advice of a legal friend, he declined serving it.

Wishing to preserve the majesty of the law, the sheriff deputized D'Armond to make the arrest, he being there in the capacity of a United States deputy marshal. He agreed to do so, and went to the saloon where Davis was staying and told him his business, whereupon Davis angrily told him one man, nor two men, for that matter, could

ARREST HIM,

and he refused to go. His sister, hearing the altercation, came in and persuaded him to go, when he agreed to do so and got as far as the door, when he sat down and declined going further until he heard the warrant read. D'Armond then took out the document and read it, folded it up and was returning it to his pocket, when Davis drew a pistol and snapped it in D'Armond's face, but it failed to explode the charge. D'Armond, realizing the situation at a glance and that he was in a tight place, fell back a few steps, followed by Davis, when he drew his pistol and fired at the latter, the ball entering his breast just below the collar bone. Davis fell and remarked: "You have killed me, and you ought not to have done it." D'Armond told him he regretted it exceedingly, but he, Davis, should have come with him quietly. Davis died in a few minutes.

Mr. Parrott drove up as the unfortunate man was drawing his last gasp, and heard the details just as they occurred. D'Armond got into the vehicle with Mr. P., and rode to Clifton. On the way he narrated his connection with the homicide, and stated that he acted entirely in self-defense, and nothing but the fact that it was his life or Davis' induced him to commit the deed.

HIS ANTECEDENTS.

Davis was raised on Little Chucky, in Greene county, and his family are highly respectable, though he is known as a rough character. He resided some time in North Carolina, and it is rumored that he killed a man in that state.

His brother was the proprietor of a whisky shop at Newport, and had to absent himself for a while on account of a shocking scrape on New Year's night, during which time he had charge of the doggery at which he was killed.

Mr. D'Armond, immediately after the shooting reported the occurence to the sheriff, stating the facts in the case, who exonerated him from all blame and told him that he had

DONE HIS DUTY

as an officer and to go about his business as if nothing had occurred. Witnesses of the tragic occurrence state that D'Armond was perfectly justifiable.

An inquest was held last night, but the result has not yet transpired.

Special Medicine.

DR. RICE,

No. 37 Court Place,
Louisville, Kentucky.

A REGULARLY Educated and legally qualified Physician and the most successful as his practice will prove. Cures all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases, Spermatorrhea and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphil a positively and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured. Patients treated by mail or express. Consultation free and invited, charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

A Private Counsellor of 160 pages sent to any address (securely sealed for thirty cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. jaug5-d&w

TO THE AFFLICTED!

In Calling the Public Attention
— TO THE —
☞ INDIAN COMPOUND ☜

Cough Mixture

FOR the cure of CONSUMPTION and all diseases of the LUNGS and THROAT, I say that nothing surpasses it for Colds and Coughs, and can be taken from old age down to the cradle with impunity, and without danger. But the professional world is so full of Ambiguous ness and Egotism, that anything put before the public as a safe and reliable Remedy for certain diseases is scoffed at and considered worthless and a humbug. I say try it before you condemn it, as I will give you the names of every herb, &c., that it is composed of, which you can examine at your leisure: Viticlus Ovi, Argydaia Persica, Mel, Pinus Palustris, Andromeda, Arbcrea, Arctium Lappa, Inula Helenium, Marrubium Vulgare, Antennaria Symphytum, Durchwachsener Wasserdost. Cephalanthus Occidentalis, Symphytum Officinale.

It is prepared at my office, No. 56 Peachtree street, ATLANTA, GA., where it can be had in any quantity. If any one using it will say that it has done them no good, return the bottle and get your money refunded. S. T. BIGGERS, M. D.,
jan9-dsu&wed6m Atlanta, Ga.

G. W. ADAIR.....AUCTIONEER.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.

Marriage Guide.

A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiology and functions of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, preserving the complexion, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage; still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world wide, and should be in the private drawers of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Bons' Dispensary, No. 13 E. Eighth street St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the nearest pretending quacks who advertise in public papers, or using any quack remedies, peruse Dr. Bons' work, no matter what your disease is or how dark-ens your condition.

Dr. Bons compiles a double bonus of twenty-seven rooms, is indorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases contained in his private, Office and parlors, No. 13 North Eighth street, between Olive and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE GUIDE AND BOOK OF NATURE. DR. BOHANNAN'S Marriage Guide teaches all the inquisitive should know on Courtship, Marriage, the Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the sexual system, Philosophy of Reproduction, who should marry, the impediments to marriage, their nature and cure. Treats on all Private Diseases, fully explaining their causes, symptoms and means to cure. It is the only really scientific work of the kind ever published, contains nearly 300 pages and is complete in every respect. Sent by Mail securely sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address Dr. C. A. BOHANNAN, 59 North Fifth st., St. Louis, Mo. Established in 1857.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.
ATHENS, GEORGIA,
Opposite Dupree Hall.....Broad Street

IS all sorts of a good hotel. Meals at all hours. Good front rooms for transients. Fresh Norfolk Oysters and Fish always on hand. Board, per day, $2.
W. A. JESTER & CO.,
Proprietors.

Miscellaneous.

A FORTUNE FOR $1.
Wyoming Monthly
LOTTERY
Legalized by authority of an act of the Legislature.
Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5.
One chance in every 3.
$250,000 in Prizes.
CAPITAL PRIZE $50,000.
6th Extraordinary Drawing.
1 CASH PRIZE of.....$100,000
1 CASH PRIZE of..... 50,000
1 CASH PRIZE of..... 25,000
1 CASH PRIZE of..... 10,000
51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to $350,000.

The first Extraordinary Drawing was presided over by Col. Patrick, President Board of Trade. Second by Gov. James. Third by Ticket Holders. Fourth by City, County and State officials, and the Fifth by sworn Commissioners. Extraordinary offer! 20 Chances for $10! leaving balance to be deducted from the Prizes after the Drawing. AGENTS WANTED. Liberal pay. For full particulars and Circulars, Address the Manager, C. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming. dec21—d&wtf

INFELICE.

☞ A Splendid new novel by Augusta Evans, author of—"BEULAH—ST. ELMO—VASHTI, etc. The last and best book ever written by the popular author, and one of the finest fictions in the English language Every one must read it. Sold everywhere. G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, NEW YORK.

Early Rose, Peerless and Snowflake Potatoes.

NOW AT MARK W. JOHNSON & WOODRUFF'S Seed Store, corner of Alabama and Forsyth streets. jan6—deod1w&wlt

NOW IS THE TIME TO PLANT
Peas Lettuce, Beets, Spinach,
POTATOES, ONION SETS, &c.
50 BARRELS White and Yellow Onion Sets, at MARK W. JOHNSON & WOODRUFF'S. Call and get Almanac free. jan6—deod1w&wlt

Fertilizers
FOR VEGETABLE AND GRASS Seeds, at MARK W. JOHNSON & WOODRUFF'S. jan6—deod1w&wlt

Blue Grass.
500 BUSHELS Pure Blue Grass Lawn Grass, at MARK W. JOHNSON & WOODRUFF'S. jan6—deod1w&wlt

Y. M. L. A.

FOR the purpose of making a Catalogue of the books and of cleaning the rooms, the Young Men's Library will be closed on

Tuesday, January 11th, 1876,

FOR A FEW DAYS.

By order of the Board.
JULIUS L. BROWN,
AARON HAAS,
WM. C. MORRILL,
Library Committee.
jan6—d6t

JOSEPH GORDON,
House and Sign Painter,
No. 24 Peachtree street,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.
COUNTRY work solicited and promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. jan26—dly

BE SURE TO CALL or send stamp for our ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE of Excelsior Printing Presses, Linen Markers, Knife and Scissor Sharpeners, Glass Cutters, Wizards, Nutmeg Graters, and many other Novelties. Agents wanted. Address SOUTHERN NOVELTY CO., 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia. nov30-dtf

Ricks House and Furniture,
CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.
THIS splendid new Hotel has recently changed hands, but not closed as has been reported, and is now under the management of W. W. Ricks, its builder, who has furnished a portion of it, and is prepared to accommodate, and respectfully invites the traveling public, visitors and those desiring board with or without rooms, to call on him.

Although the business has paid me very well what time I have had it, I would rent my house to a more experienced and competent party, who would buy my furniture, which is new. W. W. RICKS,
dec2- dtf Proprietor.

NOTICE.
STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. All persons having demands against James M Calhoun, deceased, late of said county, are hereby notified and required to present them, properly attested, to the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law. And all persons indebted to said deceased, are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
W. L. CALHOUN,
nov0—d1aw6w Executor

Price, Twenty-five Cents.
NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING
NINETY-NINTH EDITION.
Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000, according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 800 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address
dec4 GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
—dtf 41 Park Row. New York.

Zimmerman Property.
THE sale of this valuable property, postponed on account of bad weather, will take place, without reserve or postponement, on TUESDAY, 11th instant, at 2½ o'clock as heretofore advertised, and as per posters.
Terms—¼ cash; balance 1, 2 and 3 years with 7 per cent. interest.
G. W. ADAIR,
jan4—dtf C. C. HAMMOCK.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL
ON THE EUROEAN PLAN.
Corner Irving Place and 16th Street,
N. Y. One Block from Union Square and Broadway.
This most central, and yet quietest location in the city. Convenient to the great stores, theatres and churches. Elevator, and all modern improvements. Easy access to parts of the city by street cars and stages.
C. B. FERRIN, Prop
oct.0— sep17—dly

GARDEN SEEDS!

LANDRETH'S NEW CROP GARDEN SEEDS have arrived and for sale at retail as well as wholesale, at
MARK W. JOHNSON & WOODRUFF'S.
jan6—deod1w&wlt

Centennial Route.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE!
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI
SHORT LINE
RAILROAD.
THE QUICKEST, BEST & ONLY ROUTE With which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia,
New York
And other Eastern Cities
WITHOUT CHANGE
Arriving many hours in advance of all other Lines. Connections made at Cincinnatic with all Lines running
Pullman & Wagner
PALACE SLEEPERS.
To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Salamanca and New York
Without Change.
This is the only Line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only Line by which passengers from the South enroute to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the city, where they can be served with an excellent meal at Rufer's Dining Hall, at all hours. Through Sleepers from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this Line.

During the Centennial
Exhibition at Philadelphia, this Line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA
LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE
The only Line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at the the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.
S. S. PARKER, JOHN MAC LEOD,
G. P. & T. Agt, Louisville, Ky. Gen'l Sup't.
jan2—d1y

New Advertisements.

$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

MIND READING, PSYCHOMANCY, FASCINATION, SOUL CHARMING, MESMERISM, and MARRIAGE GUIDE, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the affection of any person they choose instantly. 400 pages. By mail 50 cents. Hunt & Co., 139 S. 7th St. Philadelphia.

AGENTS, the greatest chance of the age. Address with stamp, National Copying Co., Atlanta, Ga.

$5 to $10 PER DAY. Business honorable and lucrative. AGENTS WANTED. Address Marion Supply Co., Marion, Ohio.

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jan5—d&w4w

Charter Oak Stoves.
STUBBORN FACTS
HANDSOME FIGURES!
Up to July 1st, 1875,
255,445

Had been sold in 31 States and Territories. No better evidence can be offered of the Wonderful Popularity of the Charter Oak among housekeepers of all sections, and we refer to every stove in use as a practical proof of their
SUPERIOR CONSTRUCTION,
QUICK & UNIFORM BAKING,
PERFECT OPERATION,
ECONOMY AND CLEANLINESS
In use of fuel, and a
COMPLETE COMBINATION
of all the special points that constitute the most perfect Cooking Stove ever made.
SOLD BY
H. C. PENDLETON,
No. 9 Hunter street,
nov10—deod&w3m Atlanta, Ga.

Castle Rock Coal Company
OF GEORGIA.
THE Stockholders of the Castle Rock Coal Company of Georgia, will take notice that the annual meeting of the Company will be held at the President's office, in the city of Atlanta, on the third Wednesday in January next, at 11 o'clock a. m.
JULIUS L. BROWN,
dec21—dim President.

Miscellaneous

FOR SALE.
DESIRING to change my business, I now offer for sale the well and favorably known CENTRAL HOTEL, located in Adairsville, Bartow county, Georgia, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, 60 miles north of Atlanta. The building is of brick, three stories high, containing 23 large and airy rooms. Large garden, two commodious store rooms and all necessary improvements attached. For healthy locality, fine mineral and limestone water, good society, etc., this place is unsurpassed. Any one desirous of securing a bargain should call on or address J. C. MARTIN,
dec28—dtf Adairsville, Ga.

REMOVAL.
MENKO & BRO.
IN order to accommodate the favors of our numerous friends and patrons, we have rented that large store, No. 21
Cor. Whitehall & Alabama Sts.,
OPPOSITE JAMES' BANK.
lately occupied by Burke, Hancock & Co., the FIFTEENTH OF JANUARY. In the meantime we propose to reduce our stock by
Offering Great Bargains
TO THE TRADE.
We mean business, and want the public to come and examine and price our goods, which consists of a stock of
CLOTHING,
DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, AND FURNISHING GOODS.
MENKO & BRO.,
WHITEHALL STREET.
jan3—dtf

The Best Household Oil in the World.
C. WEST & SON'S
Aladdin Security Oil,
Warranted 150 Degrees Fire Test.
Endorsed by all Fire Insurance Companies.
☞ Read the following certificate, selected from many others:
HOWARD FIRE INS. CO. OF BALTIMORE, December 23, 1874.
MESSRS. C. WEST & SONS': Gentlemen—Having used the various oils sold in this city for illuminating purposes, I take pleasure in recommending your "Aladdin Security" as the safest and best ever used in our household. Yours, truly,
[Signed] ANDREW REESE, Pres't.
☞ IT WILL NOT EXPLODE
Ask your Storekeeper for it.
Wholesale Depot: C. WEST & SONS, 113, 115 W. Lombard Street, Baltimore.
oct23—d6mo

Hall's Safe & Lock
COMPANY.
Always keep on hand a large stock of the world-renowned Hall Safes—both in Fire and Burglar Proof,
We also have a large stock of second-hand Safes which we have taken in exchange, as bankers and merchants throughout the entire world have seen the folly of using cheap shoddy work and are adopting the work of Hall's Safe & Lock Co., universally. We will offer and in fact sell any of the above second-hand Safes at one-fourth their original cost.
Please call and examine stock of new and second-hand Safes before purchasing elsewhere.
Remember, we are the Only Manufacturers of the Double Chronometric Attachment for bank locks. You can see them by calling at office and salesroom of
HALL'S SAFE & LOCK CO.,
No. 51 Broad street.
dec31—d2w

Insurers, Attention!
IF your insurance expires shortly you will find it to your interest, before renewing, to call on Fitzpatrick & Young, Insurance Brokers, No. 63 Whitehall street. They can place your risks in first class companies at lower rates than you have heretofore pa'd. nov7—dtf

C. C. KETCHUM,
General Commission Merchant,
122 Gravier Street,
NEW ORLEANS,
Special attention to the purchase of
Sugar and Molasses.
oct23—d1tjan'

LONGLEY & ROBINSON,
Contractors and Builders,
And Proprietors of
THE PHŒNIX MILL.
DEALERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Building Materials, such as Doors, Sash, &c., (both White and Yellow Pine), Mantels, Newells Stair Rails, Balusters, Mouldings, Flooring, Ceiling, Weather Boarding, Fence Materials, and all kinds of Finish Lumber. Also, Shingles, Laths, &c.
Orders will also be taken for all kinds of custom work, such as Door and Window Frames, Scroll and Turned Work, Brackets, &c., &c.
All orders will receive prompt attention.
We will guarantee our prices as low as the lowest, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage.
LONGLEY & ROBINSON.
Sales Room and Office,
— IN THE —
MARKHAM HOUSE,

DYKEMAN & SON,
MerchantTailors,
IN IMPORTED GOODS ONLY,
4 Peachtree Street
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
FINE SUITS A SPECIALTY!
A discount of 10 per cent. allowed to Clergymen. ap25—dtf

Printing Press for Sale.
ANY one wishing to buy a good, No. 4 Washington hand PRINTING PRESS, can hear of a bargain in one, by addressing "Pressman," care of Atlanta "Daily Constitution." The press is a good one, and is now printing a paper 24x36. Address as above at once, if you would secure a bargain. dec24—dtf

Pauper Coffins.
SEALED PROPOSALS for furnishing PAUPER COFFINS, for the present year, will be received by the Mayor and General Council until MONDAY, the 17th instant.
All bids to be directed to the Clerk of Council.
J. A. RICHARDSON,
Chairman of Relief Committee.
Atlanta, Ga., January 9, 1876—d3t

Repairing the City Lamps.
BIDS for keeping the City Lamps in repair for the present year will be received until the 17th instant. All bids for the same should be addressed to the Clerk of Council. The city reserving the right to receive or reject all bids.
E. P. CHAMBERLIN,
jan8—d1w Chairman Gas Committee.

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST RATES for Cash, several car loads of
White Pine Doors, Sash and Blinds,
At LONGLEY & ROBINSON'S,
Markham House,
18 Loyd street,
jan9—d1w Atlanta, Ga.

Tax Notice.
ON the 15th instant my books will be closed, and Tax Fi. Fas. will be issued against all parties who have not paid.
W. S. WALKER,
Tax Collector for State and County.
January 6th, 1876—d10t

Education.

EMORY COLLEGE—1876,
OXFORD, GA.
One Mile from Covington Depot, between Atlanta and August.—Georgia Railroad.
THE SPRING TERM begins Wednesday, January 19, 1876; ends Wednesday July 19th, 1876.
Special attention is called to the desirableness of Oxford as a place to educate young men, its location and healthfulness, as well as its social and religious features offering peculiar advantages.
Four large and well appointed buildings, be.ides the two Society Halls, afford ample facilities for all the work of the College.
The Faculty has been strengthened by providing fully for the Chair of English Language and Literature.
FACULTY.
REV. ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD, D.D., President and Professor of Mental and Moral Science
REV. GEO. W. W. STONE, A.M., Vice-President and Prof. of Mathematics.
REV. OSBORN L SMITH, D. D., Professor of Latin Language.
REV. ALEX. MEANS, M.D., D.D., LL.D., Professor Emeritus of Natural Science.
REV. MORG

Daily Constitution

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ATLANTA:

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES: FOR THE SOUTH ATLANTIC AND EAST GULF STATES BIS NO BAROMETER, WITH NORTHERLY TO EASTERLY WINDS, WARM AND PARTLY CLOUDY WEATHER, AND AREA OF LIGHT RAINS.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 113⅛ and closed at 113⅛.

LOW MIDDLINGS closed in New York yesterday at 12 11-16. In Liverpool at 6⅝.

THE democracy of Mississippi will to-day elect Mr. Lamar to the United States senate. If the democrats of Kentucky will elect Mr. Beck to a similar position we will all be happy yet.

THE feeling of many of the southern members is adverse to voting for the centennial appropriation until a full and not a partial amnesty bill shall have been passed. They do not see the propriety of a mock celebration of fraternal relations.

TEXAS is the first state in the union to appoint electors for the approaching presidential campaign. Ex-Congressman D. C. Giddings and Hon. B. H. Epperson were chosen democratic electors for the state at large, by the recent convention.

MR REAGAN, of Texas, has sounded the keynote for governmental retrenchment in proposing that the United States shall not levy direct taxes, but instead that the money needed to carry on the government from year to year shall be equitably apportioned to and be raised by the states of the union.

THE Bohemians who put Mr. Kerr on the sick list in order to manufacture on paper a speaker pro tem., were very wide of the truth. Mr. Kerr takes good care of himself, and is improving in strength and looks every day. He conducts the business of the house so vigorously that all rumors in regard to the elect on of a pro tem. speaker have died out.

THE subjoined table presents the receipts at the interior points named up to the close of business on the sixth day of this month:

	1876.	1875.
Memphis	298,244	216,478
Augusta	129,164	132 843
Selma	64 3.4	53.727
Montgomery	59 646	51 853
Atlanta	46,85	49 396
Macon	44,180	53 399
Columbus	39,022	46 883
Eufaula	30,907	24.154
Nashville	27 889	23,882

WE notice by the last issue of the Greeneville (Tenn.) Intelligencer that Mr. Andrew Johnson, only surviving son of the late ex-President Andrew Johnson, has become sole editor and proprietor of that leading provincial journal of East Tennessee, Mr. Johnson inherits no little of his illustrious father's character, and will doubtless make a prominent and envied place for himself in his chosen profession.

THE radicals believe that congress can do everything, and some of them propose to ask that body to cause histories of every county to be prepared, read on the next fourth of July, printed at the people's expense, and a copy filed in the library of congress. The Philadelphia paper the project as a matter of court Librarian Spofford objects unless provision be made for the enlargement of the capitol so as to afford the requisite amount of storage room.

THE Philadelphia Times very forcibly says: "Since the Sherman resumption act doesn't resume worth a cent, and isn't likely to, Senator Morrill has introduced a supplementary bill to further provide for resumption. If that, too, fails to alter the laws and conditions of trade so as to render gold sufficiently plentiful, and thus make specie payments possible at the time designated, let congress adopt a joint resolution declaring that these bills ought to have brought us to specie payments, according to programme, and that though they didn't, it wasn't its fault. By that time our Solons may learn the simple lesson that the only possible road to resumption is one leading through a revival of industry, improved trade and restored confidence."

THE Pennsylvania democrats are said to be strongly opposed to Gov. Tilden. They believed that he and his friends compassed the defeat of the democrats in Ohio and Pennsylvania last fall. Bayard they think comes from the wrong side of Mason and Dixon's line, and has too small a constituency at his back. They propose in short to throw the vote of Pennsylvania in the convention for Hendricks in return for the western vote for ex-Gov. Curtin for vice president. The scheme contemplates shifting the battle ground from New York to Pennsylvania, carrying the latter state by the "old war governor's" popularity, risking the loss of the former, insuring Indiana, and making a push for Ohio and Wisconsin. The Tilden slate figures out victory by the union of the south, the east, and the Pacific coast; the Hendricks and Curtin slate arrives at the same result by adding to the vote of the south that of Pennsylvania and Indiana, and taking the chances of carrying one or two of the close western states.

OLIVE LOGAN.

The Young Men's Library Association through their lecture committee have established a system of intellectual entertainments for the people of Atlanta through a winter course of lectures, which have become very popular among the intelligent and cultivated classes of our people. The time was when the directors had to apply to the people for support on the ground of benefit to the library; but the time is that the library association is able to command, and does command by large pecuniary outlay, professional lecturers, who draw full houses all over the country by their ability to amuse and entertain to a very high degree. Such a lecturer is the one whose name heads this article.

Years ago she delivered here one of the finest lectures to one of the largest and best entertained audiences ever in Atlanta. On the 18th and 19th of this month she will lecture for the Young Men's Library and we do not question that great audiences will attend. They will be amply repaid, and at the same time will be assisting in the permanent establishment of intellectual entertainments in our city, and in the building up of a reputation abroad that Atlanta as a cultivated and refined society requiring something higher than the amusements of the theatre and the circus. We trust that the tickets for the coming lectures will be rapidly sold, and satisfied that the lectures will not entertaining but productive of benefit to the library.

STILL MORE FIGURES.

We have recently given figures from both democratic and republican sources, each set presenting the home of its authors. We also printed an electoral table based on the results of the latest election in each state. We give this morning a table on which, says the Washington Star, "a leading democrat" and "a well known and careful republican" both agreed after a careful survey of the field:

REPUBLICAN STATES.

Maine	7	Illinois	21
New Hampshire	5	Iowa	11
Vermont	5	Minnesota	5
Massachusetts	13	Nebraska	3
Rhode Island	4	Kansas	5
Pennsylvania	29	Colorado	3
Ohio	22	Nevada	3
Michigan	11	S. Carolina	7
Wisconsin	10		
Total			164

DEMOCRATIC STATES.

Delaware	3	Mississippi	8
Maryland	8	Louisiana	8
Virginia	11	Kentucky	12
West Virginia	5	Tennessee	12
N Carolina	10	Missouri	15
Georgia	11	Arkansas	6
Florida	4	Texas	8
Alabama	10		
Total			132

DOUBTFUL STATES.

Connecticut	6	California	6
New York	35	Oregon	3
New Jersey	9	Indiana	15
Total			74

After Colorado becomes a state the total electoral vote will be 370, thus requiring 186 votes to elect. According to the foregoing tables the republicans therefore lack 22, and the democrats 54.

These figures are just as hard a showing as can be made against the chances of a democratic victory. They give us the southern states, less South Carolina, and that is all. We know we will get all that is thus conceded, and we believe the democracy will carry every one of the states that are set down as "doubtful." We have no doubts at all on that point. We shall be surprised indeed if the developments of the next six months in congress and in the west, do not transfer to the democratic column, New Hampshire, Wisconsin, and possibly Ohio or Pennsylvania. A democratic victory in Ohio next October would destroy the hopes of radicalism. It is possible, and congress may make it exceedingly probable.

The list of so called "doubtful" states shows, however, where the active work of the coming campaign will be concentrated. They are to be preeminently the battle ground of the canvass, together with three or four of the states in the republican list. The states conceded to the democracy will not be seriously assailed by the republican politicians. The latter will put their stumpers and dollars in New York and a few more of the northern states, and those states will witness a brisker fight than they have known since the campaign of 1856.

THE TEXAS DEMOCRACY.

The Texas democratic state convention has completed its labors and adjourned. It was called to nominate state officers, under the new constitution, which is to be voted for at the same election, and will be adopted by a large majority.

With one exception, the convention unanimously re-nominated the present incumbents. The exception was in the case of the Attorney-General, Col. H. Boone, a one-armed ex Confederate soldier taking the place of Hon. George Clark. To all who are acquainted with Texas politics, the work of the convention will be heartily commended.

Gov. Richard Coke is one of the noblest men of the southwest. He is stern, honest and fearless, executing the functions of his office with that magnificent regard for duty and democratic desire for the good of the people that won for our republican institutions such fame under the older patriots and statesmen. Since he became governor he has effected more good to Texas, financially, socially and economically than were ever before accomplished for any state in so brief a period.

Lieutenant Governor Hubbard, a brave and honored son of Georgia, is one of the great men of Texas whose reputation has gone out into the land and who is regarded as a patriot of national stamp and a statesman whose star is in the ascendant. The records of his official career will prove that Texas has seldom had an officer who so thoroughly gave up his time and talents to the political and material fortunes of the state as has Lieut. Gov. Hubbard.

Like tributes could be as justly paid to the abilities and patriotism of the other gentlemen upon the ticket, but it is not necessary to do so in this article. The great commonwealth of Texas is prospering in a wonderful measure. This prosperity has received its progressive impulse within the last two years, and under the wise, patriotic and energetic administration of these very men who have been re-nominated to their respective positions. They will be elected by overwhelming majorities and their labors will be bright examples of democratic rule to which patriots may be proudly cited in the impending struggle the coming autumn.

IN THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

It seems that the vacancy in the national executive committee caused by the death of Gen. A. R. Wright, has not been filled, and Georgia thus lacks representation in that organization. The committee will meet at Washington in the course of ten days to name the time and place of the next convention and decide other important questions. The state should be represented. How can this be brought about? The Augusta Constitutionalist undoubtedly names the only feasible and regular way:

General Wright was chosen in the national convention of 1872 by the Georgia delegates to that body. The vacancy now, in our opinion, can only be filled by the national committee itself, the death of General Wright taking place after the adjournment of the convention. In 1860 Stephen A. Douglass and Benjamin Fitzpatrick were the nominees of the party. Senator Fitzpatrick, after the adjournment of the convention, having declined the nomination, the national committee substituted the name of Governor Herschel V. Johnson, by virtue of their power to fill vacancies. Thus vacancies arising after a presidential election in the body of electors in any state are filled by the remaining electors in such state. Instances can be multiplied, but it hardly seems to be necessary. At the first meeting of the national committee it will probably fill all vacancies before taking up any new business. At any rate it should so do.

This is clearly the correct view of the case. There is no authority within the state competent to fill the vacancy. The committee itself certainly can do so, and we hope our congressional delegation will see that the vacancy is filled before the committee proceeds to the transaction of any important business. The leading democratic state in the south should not be without a voice and vote at this time in the councils of the executive committee.

THE republican newspapers are very generally protesting against a reduction of army and navy expenditures. They don't want the people to find out the difference between an economical democratic administration and a profligate republican administration.

YESTERDAY IN CONGRESS.

Our telegraphic columns contain a full synopsis of a lively day's work in the national house of representatives over the adoption of the general amnesty bill. When Randall and Blaine met in the heat of debate it was as Greek meeting Greek. The wily Pennsylvanian handled the scheming Maine fox with consummate ability, and we do not marvel that the democratic side of the house is well satisfied with the result.

The lingering gangrene of hate which inspired Blaine to make his ensanguined speech against Jefferson Davis will not profit his cause or add a vote to his party. The country is nauseated with this everlasting glare of red paint—it has ceased to be horrified by the base imitation of blood.

The failure of Morton should have been a warning to Blaine. The murder of Wirtz should have estopped his mock horror over Andersonville. The crimes of Camp Chase, the murders at Johnson's Island, the terrors of Point Lookout and the brutalities and inhumanities wrought in that bastile, Fort LaFayette should have sealed his mouth against Libby.

And what does amnesty signify to the aged, infirm, and already dying Davis? If the American people, in this centennial era, can afford to deprive him of the to him unmeaning compliment, he can afford to live and die without it.

We are pleased to note that our distinguished fellow-citizen, Mr. Hill, will speak to this proposition to day. He is well acquainted with the secret history of the matters referred to by Mr. Blaine, and we shall confidently look for such an exposition of the truth of history as will shame the "scurvy politician" (as Mr. Cox terms him) into silence and vindicate the honor of our people, as well as the honesty and patriotism of the democratic party.

A FAITHFUL OFFICER.

One of the members of the present City Council, to whom by common consent, is due, a great deal of the economical and other splendid results of the municipal administration of 1875, is Mr. Jerry W. Goldsmith, who was and still is upon the finance committee. His official course deserves the highest praise. We are led to these remarks by the circumstance of his temporary absence from the post of cashier of that splendid institution, the Georgia Banking and Trust company. For seven years and two months he has been cashier of the bank and has been absent from his post during all that time but one day. The directors have rightly given him several months' leave of absence for recuperation, and we wish him full enjoyment of his rest. During his absence Col. J. M. Patton will occupy the position of cashier.

OUR readers will find in our congressional news a resolution, offered by Senator Conover, of Florida, which is very significant with reference to the Cuban question. It provides for a proclamation by the president declaring strict neutrality between this government and that of Spain and the people of Cuba. That this resolution if passed, will materially interfere with the president's schemes in the Cuban affair, is patent. The resolution may not pass, we hardly think it will, but if it should, Grant bids farewell to one of his strong cards in the recognized game for a third term.

FACT AND COMMENT.

THE latest governors to urge upon their state legislatures the claims of the centennial exhibition are those of Kentucky and Maine.

THE Cincinnati Commercial thinks the pressure of the presidency is greater to the square inch in Indiana than in any other of our states.

BOSTON POST: The following is a complete and accurate list of the members of the legislature who have refused to accept railroad passes: J. E. T. Bartlett, of Peabody.

THEY have a central Grant club in New York which favors the re-election of President Grant for a third term. It has fifteen members, mostly from the custom house.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is a splendid newspaper, and we note a marked improvement in all its departments of late.—Griffin News.

THE president having declared he will find a place for every discharged union soldier, that distinguished union patriot, Mosby, is a greater favorite at the white house than ever.

THE Hon. Daniel Marcy of Portsmouth is said to be the most prominent candidate for the democratic nomination for governor of New Hampshire. Other aspirants are Mr. Horatius Colony of Keene and Mr. Frank A. McKean of Nashua.

AN increase of nearly two millions in the public debt as shown by the December statement makes it more apparent that the policy of retrenchment of expenditures is the true and only one for the financial relief of the country.

NEW YORK has lost nearly one fourth of its grain trade, which fact, the Tribune thinks, should arouse its business men to an united effort in favor of cheap transportation. Meanwhile Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore continue to build elevators.

THE Pulaski Citizen says that Ex-Gov. John C. Brown's salary as Vice-President of the Texas and Pacific railroad has been extravagantly stated. It is not more than the half of $30,000, though he will probably not decline the position on that account.—Nashville American.

CHILI leads off among the nations for woman suffrage, the question of the registration of women for voting at the coming presidential election having been decided favorably, and a large number of the gentler sex, it is said, will avail themselves of the opportunity to exercise their right.

THE New Orleans Picayune says: "The large, life-size portrait of Gen Zach. Taylor, for some time past in the state house, will be placed over the speaker's desk in the house. The general has suffered somewhat from the 14th of September, having received a bullet in his coat and another between his feet."

NOTWITHSTANDING the loyal north scorns the dead confederacy of the south, some of its reforms still commend themselves to the thinking men of the union. For instance, the privilege extended by the Confederate States congress and members of the cabinet to take seats in that body and participate in the debates is now urged in the federal congress.—Vicksburg Herald

MR. LAMAR is to be the next senator from Mississippi. His dignity, eloquence and talent fit him especially for that chamber of the national legislature, and it is a sign of good omen to hail his near appearance in the chair of a Poindexter, since disgraced by the presence of an Ames.—N. Y. World

EX-PREMIER GLADSTONE was recently accused of presenting his son, ordained as a clergyman in 1870, with a living of £3,000 a year. A reference to the clergy list would have shown the living was not in his gift, but belonged to his wife's brother. Moreover his son was ordained long prior to 1870, and had been for years curate in a wretchedly poor London parish.

THE resumptionists are alarmed over the fact that Mr. Ferry, president pro tem. of the senate, is a soft-money man, and morbid over the prospect that the house will refuse to help Mr. Bristow out with specie payments in '79. They had best content themselves with their past luck. The country wants hard money and good times sure enough, but it won't wade through fire and water for them, and when it goes back to specie payments it is going back to stay.

THE Charleston News and Courier emphatically declares that to the domination of the negro the white citizens of South Carolina will not submit. This, it adds, is no threat, but the simple declaration of the conviction that things have come to such a pass that "if we do not mend them we must emigrate or starve; we do not intend to emigrate; our state is too precious to be abandoned; we will hold it and keep it; we are here and mean to stay."

WHATEVER may have been thought of the wisdom or policy of the resumption act a year ago, it is perfectly clear now that it is paralyzing business, checking enterprise and interfering with the healthy growth of the country. If it were a mere dead letter, doing no good nor harm, the people could afford to ignore it. But it is doing great and positive harm. Moreover, it is apparent to everybody as a matter of fact that the government cannot possibly resume specie payments on the 1st of January, 1879.—Indianapolis Journal (Rep.)

THE central vital fact of American politics to-day, the fact which it vitally concerns parties and politicians to perceive and comprehend in all its bearings, the fact on which the presidential canvass is going to turn as upon a pivot, is this: the people are tired and restless; and they have fully made up their minds to have a change. They want, not merely a change of men, but a change of method, of temper, of tone, of tendency—a real and radical change, in a word. And they are bound to have it—on whatever conditions and at whatever risk. Argument and expostulation will be quite thrown away on them.—Springfield Republican [Ind.]

THE recent mild weather is proving anything but a blessing in many parts of the country. We alluded a few days ago to the heavy losses sustained by farmers who killed their pork about Christmas; it is now reported from Louisiana that the unseasonable weather has been extremely unfavorable to the prospects of next year's sugar crop. The Chicago Tribune says that it has been very bad for corn in cribs in the country. A good deal of it is spoiling and will never make merchantable corn, while not a little of it is rotting so badly that it cannot even be used for food on the farm.

THE New Hampshire republicans have entered so unequivocal a protest against a third term that their choice for the presidency is of interest. The Concord Monitor, their leading organ, seems to have a squint towards Senator Washburne. It has some kind words for Mr. Blaine, but thinks the geographical argument is against him. As for Mr. Conkling, the Hon William A. Wheeler, "a man who is almost sure to occupy the second place on the ticket if he should miss the first," will be apt to stand in his way. Mr. Bristow "has certainly developed in a large degree the qualities most admirable in the chief executive, but it is a question whether he may not be more useful to the country in the place he now occupies and adorns." Hence the Monitor concludes that Mr. Washburne, "if nominated, would prove invincible as against any candidate of the opposition. Washburne and Wheeler, all must admit, would make a strong team."

IF the reception at the White House on New Year's day may be taken as a sign of Grant's popularity, the third term project is in a very bad way. It was the slimmest, coldest, and most neglected affair of the kind that has been witnessed since the close of the civil war. The attendance at the official ceremonies, which include the diplomatic body, cabinet, assistant secretaries, officers of the army and navy, senators, representatives, and various societies, was so exceptionally small by comparison with former occasions as to excite universal comment. When the hour for the public came, there was no throng at all, and little more than a beggarly account of officeholders, who could not stay away with safety. The people shone by their absence, and for once Grant was made to feel how much he had fallen in public estimation and how powerless he was to command the ordinary tokens of respect and regard. Even the faithful third-termers looked solemn.

Marietta for Restriction.

[Special to The Constitution.]

MARIETTA, GA., January 10.

The municipal election took place to-day and the anti-license ticket was elected.

The "Wets" Carry Belton.

Special to The Constitution.

BELTON, GA., January 10.

The election for mayor and council came off at Belton, making a test of the wet and dry ticket. The wet ticket doubled the dry.

The elected—J. G. Bryan, Mayor; J. B. McCay, J. M. Meyers, G. C. Carter, councilmen. A noble set of men.

Suicide in Macon.

We learn from passengers on the Macon and Western railroad train yesterday that H M Brown, of the firm of H M Brown & Co. of Macon, committed suicide on Sunday by taking sixty grains of morphine. He married a Miss Briggs several weeks ago. He sent her a few days since to Washington City. He was found in a stupid condition early Sunday morning, but all efforts to restore him failed and he died Sunday night. Nothing is known of the cause of the rash act.

The Invalid's and Pleasure Seeker's Paradise.

Milwaukee News.

When the thermometer gets down near or below zero we very naturally wish ourselves in a more congenial clime, and while casting about where to go and how to reach the desired haven, a word from one who has been there may not be inappropriate at this time. Parties going to Florida, the great and most fashionable resort at present (Cuba being under a cloud,) should go via Louisville, Ky., a beautiful city, thence to Nashville, Tenn., Chattanooga, and so on to Dalton, thence to Atlanta, Ga., where you will be amply rewarded by a few days stay, looking over the smartest inland town of the south. Don't fail to take the "Magnolia route" from Atlanta to Augusta and via Port Royal to Savannah, giving you a chance to visit these several fine cities and route to Florida, also an opportunity to go through in palace coaches night or day over this and connecting roads to Jacksonville and other inviting points on the St John's river. The railroad and hotel accommodations of late years have been vastly improved throughout the south, which, together with the agreeable climate, makes it really a pleasure trip, and all who can spare the time and afford the expenses should not fail to pay a visit to our southern states this winter. If all the officers of the "Magnolia road" are as efficient and gentlemanly "at home" as we find Mr. Thomas McGill, passenger agent, abroad, you will vote their route a grand success, as we have done.

"JEAN."

The Victory of the South.

The truth is, the entire south is growing rapidly in population. There has been no great rush of immigration, but a constant trickling into various healthy and fertile sections of our fair southland of northern and western families who seek refuge from the inclemency of their colder climate. In South Carolina, Florida, and Arkansas and north Louisiana, this influx of population has been very marked, while in Texas there has been an absolute tide of new people from all quarters of the world. Here in Alabama we have witnessed a current of immigration of no insignificant kind. Along the Tennessee river, throughout the valleys of North Alabama, we find everywhere strange names and faces. A dozen villages have sprung up around iron furnaces which are owned by men lately from the north.

There is no question that the south is asserting her birth-right. The gentle light of the southern cross is attracting the gaze of millions, and when the census of 1880 is taken, it will be found that the confederate struggle which forced the emancipation of the slaves has resulted, under he mysterious workings of Providence, in inscribing ultimate victory upon the banner of the south.—Mobile Register.

A Resolution.

LONDON, ONT., January 10.—At a meeting of the London board of trade a resolution that the Canadian manufacturers should have the same protection against foreign manufacturers that the foreign manufacturers have against the Canadian manufacturers was carried. In the discussion thereon a retaliatory tariff of the kind indicated against the United States was strongly deprecated.

Railroad Statement.

PHILADELPHIA, January 10.—The gross earnings of the Philadelphia and Reading road is twelve and a half million dollars, gross expenditures eight and a quarter million dollars, decrease from net profits of 1874, one and one eighth million dollars.

LEGISLATIVE LOG-ROLLING

Morton's Bloody Shirt Debate in the Senate.

A Rousing Colloquial War in the Lower House.

Sam Randall Arrayed in all his Glory.

The Trobbles Amnesty Gives to the Truly Loyal.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Senator Alcorn is in the chair.

Several petitions were presented asking the repeal of the resumption act. A petition was also presented by Thurman for the retirement of national notes, and the substitution of legal tenders and 3 65 bonds.

Conover, of Florida, submitted the following:

Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, That in compliance with the will of the people, the precedents of history, the best established principles of international law, the precepts of Christian note and morality, and the requirements of the commercial and political interests of the United States, and taking into consideration the relations existing between the United States and Spain; and that it is desirable that the reciprocal sentiments of good understanding between the two peoples and governments should not be changed by reason of the grave events which, for seven years, have taken place in the island of Cuba, the president of the United States be, and hereby is, authorized and requested to declare and maintain the strictest neutrality between the government of Spain and the people of Cuba. And be it further

Resolved, That in making this declaration through the usual form of a proclamation, and in order to protect citizens of the United States, and merchants and navigators in general from injury in any way for want of precise and clear regulations to govern them in this matter, the president of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized and requested to place, in full force and operation, the same provisions made and enacted by the government of her Majesty the Queen of Spain, on June 17th, 1861, on the occasion of the outbreak of the civil war in the United States.

Ordered to be printed and lie on the table.

Dorsey introduced a bill to organize the territory of Oklahoma.

Whyte of Maryland introduced the following:

Resolved by the senate, the house of representatives concurring, That the people of the several states, acting in their highest capacity as free and independent states, established the federal constitution and adopted a form of government in the nature of a confederate republic, and for the purpose of carrying into effect the objects for which it was formed, delegated to that government certain rights enumerated in said constitution, but reserved to the states respectively, or to the people thereof, all the residuary powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution nor prohibited by it to the states.

Ordered to be printed and lie on the table.

Morton, from the committee on privileges and elections submitted the following:

Resolved, That the term of a president pro tem of a senate elected at one session does not expire at the meeting of congress after the first recess, the vice president not having appeared to take the chair.

Resolved, that the death of the vice president does not have the effect to vacate the office of president pro tem of the senate, which is held at the pleasure of the senate.

Resolved, That the Hon. Thos W. Ferry, the senator from Michigan, who was elected president, pro tem, of the senate at the last session, is now the president pro tem, by virtue of said election.

Laid over.

Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, introduced a bill to secure the speedy completion of the Texas Pacific railroad, from a point at or near Marshall, Texas, to the southeastern boundary of the state of California, and to authorize the Southern Pacific railroad to aid in building the same, and also to build a branch of the road to San Diego, Cal., railroads.

Senator Spencer, of Alabama, offered a bill for the relief of Robert Johnson, late collector of the internal revenue for the 3d district of Alabama.

After the executive session, Senator Morton's resolutions were taken up. The question being on the adoption of the resolution submitted by Senator Morton, Senator Merriman called for a division and the vote being taken on the first one, it was adopted unanimously, yeas 59; nays none; the second one was also unanimously adopted, yeas 62; nays none. When the third resolution was read Senator Thurman moved that it be laid over, that the senators might have more time to consider it. Pending the discussion at 3 o'clock, an motion of Senator Edmunds the senate adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

Among the bills introduced by Mr. Wood, of New York, one to repeal in part the act of January 10th, 1875, providing for the resumption of specie payment, and to facilitate the resumption of specie payment, without contraction of the currency; repealing stamp duty on checks, declaring the department of agriculture one of the executive departments.

Mr. Vance of North Carolina—Payment of mail contractors to '71, and public buildings at Ashville, North Carolina.

Mr. Felton of Georgia—The improvement of the Etowah, Coosa and other rivers in Georgia; also to refund the expenses of Georgia in the revolutionary war.

Mr. Harris of Georgia—The improvement of the Chattahoochee and Flint rivers.

Bradford, of Alabama, to secure competent jurors, and to prevent the abuse of United States processes in Alabama; also, to place the heirs of colored soldiers on the same footing, in regard to pensions and bounties, as the heirs of other soldiers.

By Lynch, of Mississippi, for the improvement of the Pascagoula river.

RANDALL AND BLAINE ON AMNESTY.

Randall moved to suspend the rules of order, and proceed to the consideration of the amnesty bill.

Blaine suggested that the centennial appropriation bill should be first considered.

Randall insisted on his motion, and the rules were suspended by a requisite two-third vote.

Randall then demanded the previous question and the passage.

Blaine—does the gentleman desire to cut off the amendment?

Randal:—I desire to have the previous questions seconded, then I will allow half of an hour, which the rules give me for discussion, to the other side of the house.

Blaine—The gentleman proposes not to have any amendment.

Randall—I will listen to any amendment.

Blaine—The gentleman know very well that the previous question cuts off the amendment.

Randall—I am quite aware of the effect of it, and I have for twelve years learned its effects in adversity under your direction, and that of your side of the house, (Murmurs of applause from the democratic side.)

Previous question was seconded by 159 to 95.

Randal of Pennsylvania—As I have an hour for debate, I propose—

Garfield of Ohio, interrupting—Under what rule? This bill is not a report of a committee, therefore there is no debate time allowed.

The previous question being seconded Blaine insisted on the same point, and said that the rule as to the allowing of an hour for debate after the previous question applied only to reports from committees; the previous question in this case cuts off every moment of debate.

Randall—Does that side of the house object to debate?

Blaine—It does not, nor does this side of the house desire any unreasonable time for debate, although as congress has been in session 5 weeks, and as the sessions of the house have averaged only about 2 days per week, it must be considered that an hour or two of debate would not be too much to allow on a bill of this kind.

Randall, persistently—I want to know if anybody on that side of the house objects to debate?

Hale, of Maine—No, sir, but we want debate and amendment both.

Garfield—We want consideration of the subject, which means debate and amendment.

Randal!—I propose that we give an hour's consideration to it.

Garfield, sneeringly—Aye, consideration without amendment.

Blaine—I told the gentleman (Randall) in good faith that it was absolutely impossible for him to pass his bill under that kind of tactics. The vote on the previous question has revealed the fact that considerably more than one third of the house objects to the bill going through under a gag.

Randall—I do not propose to put it through under a gag. On the contrary, I propose to put it through after debate. If that side of the house objects to debate, it will be itself responsible for there being no debate. It is for that side of the house to say whether there shall be debate or not.

Blaine—The gentleman from Pennsylvania knows that Mr. Benton left on record the saying that the very essence of legislative power is amendment. And the gentleman from Pennsylvania confesses the weakness of his cause when he attempts to deprive the minority of the house of the parliamentary right to offer amendments.

Randall, tauntingly—I am glad that you see light, for during many years you were blind to such considerations. [Laughter on democratic side and in the gallery.]

Blaine, defiantly—The gentleman will search the Globe for the last twelve years in vain, where a bill of this magnitude was attempted to be put through without discussion and amendment. Never, sir! I defy him to give an instance.

Randall—Was not this very bill passed last year under the previous question on a report from the committee on rules, of which you were a member.

Blaine—And to which I objected.

Randall—Never, either in or out of the committee, did you object to it.

Blaine—Being in the chair and unable to object myself I got several gentlemen to object. [Laughter at the expense of the late speaker.] I asked the gentleman from North Carolina, Mr. Rainey, to object to it, but he with a delicacy which did honor to his position and his race, said that he would be misunderstood if he did so, although he thought that the bill ought not to go through.

Randall—I say that this bill is almost identical with the bill reported last session from the committee on rules without any objection on your part.

Blaine—I differ with the gentleman on that point. I did object to it, although the gentleman does not observe parliamentary rules when he refers to what took place in committee.

Randall—I repeat that a precisely similar bill came last session from the committee on rules, and that neither as a member of the committee nor as a member of the house, nor as presiding officer did you object to it. On the contrary, as far as you were able you facilitated the passage of that bill.

Garfield—I make this point of order, that the rules require the gentleman to address the chair, and not to address the gentleman from Maine as "you."

Randall, contemptuously—The gentleman from Ohio is getting to be very fastidious. (Laughter on the democratic side and in the galleries.)

A motion to amend the struck jury in the Tweed case was denied and the array quashed.

A order, restoring the charges of the westward bound freights prices before the 22d of December, namely 75 cents from New York to Chicago went into effect this morning.

Wm. Cameron, who was assaulted by a number of boys New Year's eve with stones, died. Three of his assailants were arrested.

SPENCER'S SEAT.

The Alabama Memorialists Before the Senate.

MONTGOMERY, Jan. 10.—Moog & Bro., grocers, of this city, who recently failed, have compromised a settlement with their creditors and resumed business.

Every democratic senator and representative in the Alabama legislature denies the authorship of a letter to the Washington Republican of the 7th. Said letter purports to have been written by one of the democratic members of the legislature of 1872, and also of this, and denounces the investigation into Spencer's right to a seat in the senate.

The committee to investigate the Spencer matter presented a memorial to the United States senate to-day, which concludes as follows: "These and other matters which are established by the testimony taken on said investigation, seem to require that the state of Alabama and the senate of the United States should take such measures as will secure to the state a person lawfully elected and a fit representative to the senate to the United States, and one that is worthy and qualified to occupy a seat in that high tribunal.

Your memorialists respectfully state that Geo. E. Spencer was not legally elected senator from Alabama, nor was he ever voted for by a body having a quorum of elected members, or a quorum of certified members, as the journals of the general assembly of Alabama will show. Your memorialists respectfully pray of your honorable body that you will take the report of the committee accompanying this memorial as a part of the same, and that you will examine the evidence attached thereto taken by said committee, and the right of said Spencer to the seat he now holds may be inquired into and his claim thereto be declared invalid, and said seat be declared vacant.

The memorial was ordered to be printed and will be taken up Wednesday.

The Centennial.

NEW YORK, January 10.—At a meeting of the cotton exchange resolutions were adopted asking congress to give the centennial $1,500,000. The produce exchange adopted similar resolutions.

Dead.

CINCINNATI, January 10.—Timothy Kirby died, aged 81. He leaves an estate of two or three million dollars to be divided. Among the few heirs are Don Piatt and Congressman H. B. Banning.

LONDON, January 10.—Vis Count Amberly, eldest son of Earl Russell is dead.

Asylum Burned.

RICHMOND, January 10.—One of the buildings of the eastern lunatic asylum, at Williamsburg, was burned yesterday afternoon. The building was a splendid brick structure, four stories high, and contained the public hall for religious worship, dining hall and bakery, kitchen, laundry, etc. Loss $25,000, upon which it is believed there is no insurance. A high wind was blowing at the time, and other buildings of the asylum were seriously threatened.

Opinions of the European Press.

PARIS, January 10.—Speaking of the crisis in the cabinet, the Journal des Debats says: The ministry was never completely homogeneous, although it had the appearance of concord, maintained by mutual concessions. Since the opening of the electoral period, disagreement has arisen between the ministers belonging to the right and left centre respecting political alliances; and also, on the question whether the electoral candidates should be patronized by the government. The Journal further alludes to the aggressive tone adopted by some of the journals towards certain members of the cabinet, and to the improper manner in which the president is brought into controversy for party purposes.

LONDON, January 10.—From the telegrams from Paris to the London papers, it would seem that the cabinet troubles have arisen from the fact that Leon Saye, the minister of finance, is a candidate for the senate, from the department of the Seine et Oise, while Mr. Dufaure, the minister of justice, is canvassing in Charente, in concert with Col. Denferte, lately a most decided opponent to the ministry.

Yesterday Leon Saye had two audiences with Marshal MacMahon. The Moniteur says he spoke to the president about the attacks upon him by newspapers, which the Le Saliel intimates, certain officials encouraged. The principal offender is the Figaro, which yesterday affirms that Mr Buffet had ordered the prefect of the Seine et Oise, to vigorously oppose the senatorial list upon which Leon Saye's name appears.

The Figaro also published a long, bitter diatribe against Saye, of which, the following is an extract:

For his, and the candidacy of that list, he knows the government blames him, yet he remains; he knows that the head of the state rebukes his conduct, and he remains; disavowed, condemned and regretted by his colleagues, he still remains; whatever is said or done, he drinks off every cup, and remains.

A Paris telegram to the Times says the struggle at the coming election will be very bitter.

The Pall Mall Gazette has an article on the Spanish question, in which it ridicules a leading article in the Times. The morning the writer says, we cannot avoid the suspicion that if a more powerful country than Spain was defaulting in her performance of international duties, the Times would not have adopted such a tone. We are unable to say any more.

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON January 10—Confirmations—James Birney, minister resident of Netherlands. No additional southern nominations.

The Texas committee consists of Schleicher Williams, of Michigan, Lamar, Banks and Hurlbut.

Freedman's bank committee, Jonglars, Bradford, Stringer, Riddle, Hooker, Bliss, Farwell, Frost and Rainer.

Scarcity of Southern Farm Labor.

[New York Bulletin.]

It is always an ungracious task to recommend workmen who have nothing to do in our over-crowded Atlantic cities to "go west;" it subjects the giver of the advice to the imputation of cheap philanthropy, while the advice itself, except in rare instances, is never heeded.

The Bulletin, therefore, drops the west, but would say a good word for the south and the advantages it has to offer to all who are willing to labor. At this moment, as we learn from our exchanges, there is an urgent demand for almost every description dof farm labor, especially throughout Mississippi, North Alabama and Tennessee. In Mississippi there is still an extensive area of cotton yet ungathered, most of which, it is feared, will be left to ruin in consequence of the mere lack of hands required to do the picking. According to a statement in the Louisville Courier, planters are willingly paying four and five cents per pound for this work, which would to industrious men from three to five dollars per day. For day labor in other departments of farm work two to three dollars per day is paid. If the proper authorities in our large cities would take the matter in hand it is reasonably certain that a vast amount of suffering would be relieved by providing the requisite facilities for immigration to the sections where this demand for labor exists. Once there, industrious laborers of steady habits would have no trouble in obtaining employment, as societies are forming which will give places to as many good hands as may come. The subject is certainly deserving the attention of all who recognize that the best way to relieve the present depressed condition of the labor market, north and east, is to transfer idle hands from places where they are in excess to those where they are really wanted, and where they would be amply recompensed.

Mr. Moulton's Suit.

(New York Tribune, 7th.)

It was stated last night that the suit brought by Francis D. Moulton against Mr. Beecher for damages on account of alleged malicious prosecution, cannot be maintained, and that it will never come to trial. An examination of the statutes, in the opinion of many lawyers, shows that where a nolle prosequi has been entered on an indictment against any person, that person cannot claim damages, as the *nolle* is a recognition and acknowledgement of the innocence of the accused. It is probable that Mr. Sherman, who is Mr. Beecher's attorney, will serve upon Mr. Moulton's counsel, on Jan. 17, a demurrer instead of an answer, in which it will be claimed that there is no cause for action, as a *nolle prosequi* has been entered on Mr. Moulton's indictment by the district-

Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11.

Preferred Locals.

For real Delicacies, Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars, New Crop Select Teas, Fresh Roast Coffees, Pure Spices, &c., &c., at the very lowest prices, go to A. M. Lewin & Co's, 73 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION to specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

5,000 White Pine Doors, all sizes,
5,000 White Pine Windows, all sizes,
3,000 pair White Pine Blinds, all sizes,
Mantels, Mouldings, Newel's, Stair Rails, Balusters, &c.
Can fill orders promptly and always at the lowest rates. C. O. D. orders have our especially attention
JENNINGS & ASHLEY,
31 and 33 Broad St., near the Bridge.

Important to the Traveling Public

No one in making a trip of a thousand miles wants to sign away his privilege of stopping on the route, by taking a limited ticket, good for only five days, without even provision against accidental detention. The Great "Atlantic Coast Line," the "Mid and Route," and the "Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line," are the only all rail routes selling unlimited tickets to New York, and the rate by either of these lines is the same as that selling limited tickets. Parties en route to New York will do well to remember these points. A call on R. D. MANN, GENERAL TICKET AGENT, No. 4 Kimball house, who will SELL YOU TICKETS ON EITHER of the above lines, good until used, with the privilege of stopping off as often as desired. These routes read either via Richmond or via Danville and Lynchburg, as the buyer may prefer. The latter carries passengers into Washington, Baltimore, &c., on same trains with those leaving Atlanta by the limited route, and both are as quick as the limited ticket route.
jan6—dtf

Unshaken.

While other articles of their kind are largely adulterated, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and True Flavoring Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Nectarine, etc., hold their unbroken position by the estimation of thousands as the purest, best, most reliable, and cheapest. In all particulars that constitute perfect results they cannot be approached by the various known Baking Powders and Flavoring Extracts made in imitation. One trial will satisfy that for purity and strength Dr. Price's are alone in the market.
jan8—dsat-sun-tues&thurs&wlt

New Advertisements.

Notice—D. C. McPhee.
Bank statement—R. H. Richards.
City pumps—Samuel Hape.
Grocer—J. M. Willis.
Obituary of Carey W. Berry.
Georgia Legislature—1. J. Prim.
Feeding prisoners—D. A. Beattie.
Zimmerman property—Adair & Hammock.
Attorneys at law—Hooks & Tripp.
Notice of dissolution—McPhee & Williams.
New firm—Stewart & Williams.
Assignee's sale—Amos T. Akerman.
Courier for 1876—M. Dwinell.
Wool and coal—J. M. Nace
Have removed—Menko & Bro.
For rent—Dr. W. F. Westmoreland.
Furnished rooms—36 Houston st
Germania loan and building associa tion—Charles Beermann.
Board—Thos. S. King.
Malt—City Brewery.

Germania Loan and Building Association.

The regular monthly meeting will be held to-night at Beermann & Kuhrt's store.
CHARLES BEERMANN,
Secretary.

FOR RENT—Dr. W. F. Westmoreland's residence, Marietta street, opposite the hotel, is for rent, with or without furniture.
jan11-dlt

GEORGIA AFFAIRS.

Benevolence of a Kentucky Lady Enables Augusta Christians to Erect an Elegant Church—Rev. Mr. Lamar of Louisville Conducts the Dedicatory Services.

In the Georgia correspondence of a Louisville paper, we find the following account of the erection and dedication of a handsome church in Augusta:

For two years past the work of building an elegant church at the corner of Greene and McIntosh streets in this city has been steadily progressing. Last week it was finished, and yesterday formally dedicated. It was a donation of Mrs. Tubman, formerly Miss Emily Thomas, of Frankfort, Ky., to the Christian or Campbellite congregation, the church of her choice and her faith. Miss Thomas made a visit to Augusta thirty-five or forty years ago, when she was a young lady, and then met her future husband, a very wealthy gentleman, who is now dead. He left all his property to his wife for her exclusive use while living, and at her death it was to be given to the city of Augusta. When she became a citizen she was the only member of the Christian church in town. Years ago she organized a congregation and had sermons preached whenever she could get ministers, which was only occasionally. The membership rapidly grew, a regular edifice of small pretensions was erected, and since the war, up to about one year ago, the Rev. J. S. Lamar, now stationed in your city, was the pastor.

About three years ago Mrs. Tubman resolved to erect a building which would be the finest in the south. In this she has most certainly succeeded. It is of mediæval and Norman style of architecture, built of compressed brick, surmounted with Stone-mountain granite. Extreme length, 113 feet; width, 50 feet; height of main tower, 178 feet. This tower is cased with corrugated iron; on its pinnacle is a gold crosier, which sparkles brilliantly in the sunlight. It has a chapel 33 by 54 feet, with a seating capacity of 350, and a parsonage containing 10 rooms. The main auditorium will seat 850 people. The seats are of black walnut, and all cushioned, whilst a fine ingrain carpet is spread upon the floor throughout. It is different from other churches, in that this room has no ceiling, but has a finish of Georgia pine, which is a great improvement and of advantage to its acoustic properties. The cost of the whole was as follows:

The grounds	$45,000
Church	40,000
Furniture	10,000
Parsonage	6,000
Bell	850
Total	$101,850

Every dollar of this amount has been paid by Mrs. Tubman. She has refused to allow any one to donate a cent. It is, as intended, a lasting monument to her memory, and looks like it is planted upon the Rock of Ages.

THE DEDICATION.

Yesterday broke upon Augusta in all the mildness and brightness of a May morning. The thermometer was by 9 o'clock 70 degrees above zero; the sun without a cloud to obscure it. A soft breeze was blowing up from the ocean. Every one doubted if this was indeed mid-winter. At the hour of 10½ o'clock the church was packed with people from front to rear, the galleries and aisles, whilst a great many stood around the doors unable to get in. The service was opened by the Rev. J. S. Fall, of Nashville, who read the 12th chapter of St. Paul's Epistle to the Romans. The congregation joined in singing an appropriate hymn.

THE SERMON BY REV. J. S. LAMAR.

The Rev. Mr. Lamar, of Louisville, preached the dedicatory sermon. After briefly reviewing the history of the Christian church in Augusta, he took for his text the 45th and 46th verses of the 13th chapter of Mathew: "Again, the kingdom of heaven is like unto a merchantman seeking goodly pearls; who, when he had found one pearl of great price, went and sold all that he had and bought it." The minister prefaced his remarks by a brief history of the Christian denomination in Augusta, and gave all the credit for its existence here to the distinguished Kentucky lady who had just presented the edifice in which the congregation was assembled. After this remark he preached from his text.

Subscribe for THE CONSTITUTION, the people's paper. Subscribe at once. The legislature meets next Wednesday.

Tremendous sacrifices in dry goods carpets and silks, for thirty days only, at FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s,

Wanted—A place in a store to work. Has had some experience. Address [illegible]

It is rumored that there will be a hop at the Trotham to-night.

LOCAL LINES.

In which much that is Interesting is Narrated.

The Remains of the Unfortunate Ophelia Simpson Consigned to Native Earth.

"My Dear Sister, We Know you have Done Wrong."

Brother Darnell is not as Anxious for "Pap" as was Expected.

The Financial Exhibit of Atlanta for the Past Five Years.

What the State Press has to Say About the New State Treasurer.

IN HER GRAVE.

BURIAL OF THE UNFORTUNATE GIRL OPHELIA SIMPSON.

The unfortunate young girl who died in this city, under such distressing circumstances, on Wednesday night last, was buried quietly and decently, on Saturday, in the grave-yard of the Baptist church, four miles south of Decatur, in the adjoining county of DeKalb, and in the immediate vicinity where her ruin was accomplished.

It was the regular day for preaching by Parson Elijah Webb, but by request the minister closed his sermon early and conducted the funeral services.

There were some seventy or

EIGHTY OF THE NEIGHBORS

present, and relatives of the deceased girl. A number of the congregation were ladies, who exhibited sympathy for the sad fate of the poor woman.

Parson Webb conducted the services in a very solemn and impressive spirit, praying fervently that this sorrowful affair might prove a warning and lasting lesson to all who knew of it.

A TOUCHING SCENE.

When the coffin was opened at the grave for the last look, Mrs. Dunlap, her sister and wife of the man who is charged with the ruin of the girl, knelt by the corpse, and amid heart rending sobs and tears, exclaimed:

"My poor sister, we all know you have done wrong, but you are dear to me! We do not know what we are raising our children to! The Lord have mercy upon us all! Alas! that she should have died among strangers with none beside her with whom to leave a parting word for us!"

The spectators were all greatly affected by the scene.

LEE'S TESTIMONIAL.

Pursuant to adjournment the ladies met at 4 o'clock in Mayor Hammock's office yesterday.

On motion Mayor Hammock, Mrs P H Snook and Miss Lucy P Harris were appointed a committe on permanent organization.

The committee reported the following officers:

President, Mrs Dr Henry.
Vice President, Mrs L L Lightcap.
Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs L H Clarke.

The report was unanimously adopted.

It was decided that the ladies give a supper on the night of the 19th inst., and the admission fee was fixed at 25 cents.

On motion, Lochrane's hall was selected as the place to give the supper at, and Mayor Hammock appointed to secure it.

The following were appointed a committee to solicit contributions for the supper:

Ladies:—Mrs P H Snook, Mrs L H Clarke, Mrs C H Strong, Mrs McConnell, Mrs B A Pratte, Mrs C W Henderson, Mrs E E Rawson, Mrs J A Howle, Mrs O F Simpson, Mrs Calvin Fay, Mrs J C Watkins, Mrs J Hirsch, Mrs J Harris, Mrs Perino Brown, Mrs O C Carroll, Mrs J H James, Mrs J H Flynn, Miss Hannah S Mahoney, Miss Lucy P Harris

Gentlemen: G W Adair, M H Dooly, E P Chamberlin, J B Goodwin, D A Beattie, J H Flynn, J A Richardson, A N Hunt, J W Goldsmith, A Haas Dr S Hape, T A Morris, W Gray, Dr S T Biggers, R F Maddox, O H Jones, A J West, W D Ellis, G H Gramling, J S Germany, Dr J D Turner, Mayor C C Hammock, G T Dodd, E Y Clarke, Henry Hayne, W H Jernigan, J W Morrow, J E Guilatt, J Davis, B E Crane, B Mahon, O A Lochrane, C Peoples, N J Hammond, J H James, G Hillyer, S R Hoyle, Gen W S Walker, L J Ga trell, E B Chamberlin, H L W Craig, C W Wells, J A Fitten, H W Grady, J O. Harris.

On motion, Col O H Jones was requested to furnish a carriage for the ladies when they went to procure a band.

On motion of Mrs L H Clarke, the ladies were invited to meet on Wednesday at 4 o'clock P. M., at the Mayor's office.

It is earnestly hoped that the ladies will turn out promptly and en masse.

Mayor Hammock talks well, and a rousing and enthusiastic meeting may be anticipated.

HE WOULDN'T IF HE COULD!

"WHAT I KNOW ABOUT JOURNALISM."—S. A. DARNELL.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: In your paper of this morning I find almost a column on the local news side of the paper, regarding the district attorneyship of Georgia, by one of your local editors. In his efforts to produce a sensation he has overdone his work. I have been taught to understand the duties of an editor to be the dissemination of truth, imparting useful information to the people, and to do equal and exact justice to all. These duties constitute the true work of journalism, and did I not live in an age when it can hardly be accounted sensible to feel astonished at anything that occurs, I should have some curiosity to know way your local editor thought it necessary in discussing Col. Farrow, the district attorneyship, and other matters, to mention my name in connection with these things. He says, "it is rumored" that I am putting on the war path, that I am hungry for office, that I want the appointment of district attorney here, and that I do not believe "third term" will succeed under any circumstances down in this locality, unless I am appointed. Without being exact, this is the inference to be drawn from his statements. Now, in the first place, I am a republican, for which I have no apologies to offer; in the next place, I have endeavored to be a consistent republican, and to observe all proper respect for the honestly entertained opinions of others who differ from me. I am also comparatively a young man, engaged in the duties of my profession, and do not desire to be associated with political contests for office. I am not "hungry for office," am not now and never have been an applicant for Colonel Farrow's place, and would not accept it if I could get it. I will not discuss the "third term" part of the local speculations, because that is too ridiculous for notice, indeed, I cannot do otherwise than regard the whole statement as an attempt to bring ridicule upon me republicans in this city. Your local editor, I venture to assert, had not one particle of reliable information on which to make the statements concerning myself he did, and ask you now that no more such statements be made in your paper. I do not mind being a republican, I do not mind being called a republican, but I dislike to be purposely misrepresented. It is unfair, unjust, and unbecoming the dignity that should characterize the conduct of a journal like THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

January 8th, 1876. S. A. DARNELL.

[Mr. Darnell hands us the above card and claims that our reporter did him injustice. We give him a showing, at the same time commending our local for a very readable article of mingled fact and rumor.—ED.]

THE STATE TREASURY.

Below we publish a few more extracts from our exchanges on the subject of the state treasurer. It will be seen that the present incumbent, Hon. J. W. Renfroe, is receiving unqualified endorsement from the press in every section of Georgia.

QUITMAN REPORTER.

"J. W. Renfroe, the present incumbent, the appointee of Gov. Smith as the successor of Mr. Jones, formerly of Washington county, perhaps possesses as nearly all the qualifications as any man in the state. He has been connected with Gov. Smith's administration from the beginning, and if he had proved inefficient, he would not now be the choice of his excellency to fill the responsible position until the office be filled by election.

Mr. Renfroe has the confidence of the people of middle and southern Georgia, and we think his election would be a matter of safety to the state, as well as of rejoicing to many people."

HAWKINSVILLE DISPATCH.

"The many friends of Hon. J. W. Renfroe, are glad to find him so highly appreciated at the capitol as to be appointed by the Governor to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Jones. The friends of Mr. Renfroe in this section, believe that he is fully competent for the position and will cheerfully support him."

NEWNAN HERALD.

"The appointment is one of the best that could possibly have been made. The new treasurer is from Washington county but for several years past has held a very responsible position in the comptroller general's office. He is a gentleman of fine personal address, strict integrity, and of rare business qualifications."

NEWS & FARMER—LOUISVILLE.

"We know of no man more competent, for the position or one who stands higher among his fellow citizens, than does the present incumbent, Capt. J. W. Renfroe. Among the many aspirants for the position Gov. Smith, in his delegating power, gave Capt. Renfroe the appointment until the legislature should meet and elect one. This is a sufficient guarantee that he is the man for the position."

GRIFFIN NEWS.

"It is stated by the Merriwether Vindicator that W. B. Lowe, the Atlanta clothing merchant, who seeks to be state treasurer, is worth a fortune of one hundred thousand dollars. If this be true, what in the d—l does Mr. Lowe want with that office?"

SANDERSVILLE HERALD.

The Greenville Vindicator says W. B. Lowe, a merchant of Atlanta, is a candidate

That sunlight set to tune;
Ear lips the honey bee might quaff
And dream of bulls in June.

for state treasurer. It says he lived many years in New York, made a good soldier in the confederate army, and is worth a fortune of one hundred thousand dollars. Now it may be very nice to live in New York, and must make a man feel very comfortable to have a hundred thousand dollars, and it certainly commendable to be a good soldier, but how these things qualify a man for state treasurer we are unable to see. The present incumbent, Capt. J W Renfroe, has never lived in New York, neither is he worth a hundred thousand dollars, but as a soldier, there was not a braver one nor better commander than he. The battle scars that he wears from wounds received in Virginia and Pennsylvania while following the beloved R E Lee, are sufficient evidences of that fact. But we do not offer this as a reason why he should be elected state treasurer; we have something better. He is a gentleman of strict integrity, of untarnished character, and of the very finest business capacity. He has often held positions of public trust, and has always discharged the duties thereof to the satisfaction of all. While he had charge of the tax department in the comptroller general's office, the books of which are but a reflex of the books of the treasury, or of what they ought to be, he displayed such efficiency that the legislative committee who examined his books payed him a very high compliment. We suppose that it was while occupying this position that his qualification for treasurer became generally known, and pointed him out as the man for the place. He has scarcely been in the office a month, yet he has organized such a thorough system in its management that one cannot but be struck with it the moment he enters. Governor Smith displayed great wisdom in making this selection, and has given general satisfaction throughout the entire state. Captain Renfroe is certainly the "right man in the right place," and in our opinion the legislature will so declare by a vote that will be almost unanimous.

ATLANTA'S PROGRESS.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR FIVE YEARS.

We present below in tabular form an exhibit of the receipts and expenditures of Atlanta for five years:

RECEIPTS.

General tax—	
1871	$ 134,789 18
1873	198,477 88
1873	189,155 53
1874	233,034 15
1875	302,701 85
Total	$997,138 59
Merchandise sales—	
1871	$23,484 47
1872	39,647 98
1873	30,352 92
1874	3,360 70
1875	2,706 72
Total	$89,452 64
*Commission sales—	
1871	$9,894 38
1872	6,896 15
Total	$16,790 53
Business license—	
1871	$14,191 10
1872	12,479 16
1873	14,919 95
1874	16,743 40
1875	16,252 00
Total	$84,584 88
Retail license—	
1871	$17,606 95
1872	16,214 90
1873	19,738 75
1874	17,885 00
1875	18,392 50
Total	$88,788 10
Exhibition license—	
1871	$ 880 00
1872	1,297 10
1873	778 50
1874	490 00
1875	619 80
Total	$4,064 10
Dray license—	
1871	$ 2,901 22
1872	2,274 94
1873	2,770 95
1874	2,021 75
1875	2,150 50
Total	$12,119 36
Sale of burial lots—	
1871	$ 3,865 00
1872	3,717 75
1873	4,669 20
1874	3,983 00
1875	3,687 15
Total	$19,869 19
Fines and forfeitures—	
1871	$ 8,126 60
1872	4,234 15
1873	8,214 45
1874	8,396 05
1875	7,356 80
Total	$36,290 05
Miscellaneous receipts—	
1871	$40,115 63
1872	15,666 80
1873	30,891 52
1874	70,957 54
1875	33,371 81
Total	$191,003 30
Total tax received—	
1871	$357,549 14
1872	406,327 52
1873	498,952 04
1874	355,721 09
1875	397,178 88
Total	$2,105,711 64
Bonds issued—	
1871	$ 100,000 00
1872	203,000 00
1873	200,000 00
1874	313,000 00
1875	107,000 00
Total	$923,000 00
*Commission and merchandise sales charged to tax and stock.	

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries—	
1871	$ 54,611 47
1872	70,140 58
1873	56,205 22
1874	67,753 50
1875	20,209 32
Total	$268,920 09
Public buildings and grounds—	
1871	$ 9,618 26
1872	28,898 25
1873	25,506 99
1874	44,462 38
1875	1,928 70
Total	$110,414 58
Streets and bridges—	
1871	$99,643 30
1872	86,291 58
1873	101,660 61
1874	38,502 11
1875	15,661 27
Total	$341,658 87
Wells and pumps—	
1871	$11,997 85
1872	6,485 05
1873	5,324 49
1874	1,738 33
1875	925 77
Total	$26,471 46
Cemetery—	
1871	$ 3,978 03
1872	5,798 58
1873	3,909 80
1874	3,355 28
1875	2,786 84
Total	$19,038 53
Alms house—	
1871	$ 1,371 06
1872	296 25
1873	3,190 19
1874	3,194 06
Total	$8,051 54
Fire companies—	
1871	$11,510 00
1872	7,807 32
1873	8,637 15
1874	9,125 00
1875	7,787 50
Total	$44,856 98
Paupers and relief—	
1871	$6,551 30
1872	7,702 65
1873	4,953 43
1874	6,840 51
1875	6,145 95
Total	$32,193 84
Costs and fees—	
1871	$ 1,723 20
1872	1,467 85
1873	1,981 72
1874	2,136 10
*1875	
Total	$7,308 87
Printing—	
1871	$ 1,166 65
1872	2,087 19
1873	2,289 50
1874	7,314 77
1875	1,858 65
Total	$14,711 61
Gas and fixtures—	
1871	$ 13,523 84
1872	26,640 94
1873	20,930 30
1874	22,678 95
1875	17,832 53
Total	$101,696 56
Public schools—	
1871	$ 33,033 85
1872	49,471 34
1873	18,662 55
1874	36,645 00
1875	35,000 00
Total	$135,819 80

*Alms house and relief funds consolidated together. Costs and fees, incidentals, fines and taxes remitted come under the head of contingent.

Bonded debt—	
1871—not given.	
1872	$1,000,000 00
1873	1,423,900 00
1874	1,741,900 00
1875	1,788,700 00
Floating debt—	
1871—not given.	
1872	$258,000 00
1873	279,211 72
1874	321,734 49
1875	400,291 17

THE BRUNSWICK CONVENTION.

THE FEBRUARY SESSION OF THE FARMERS—CIRCULAR OF INFORMATION.

The following circular has been issued by Malcolm Johnson, secretary, and fully explains itself to those interested:

TO THE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES AND CLUBS: 1. The spring meeting of the state agricultural society will take place in the city of Brunswick, on the second Tuesday (8th day) of February, 1876.

2. We hope, through the continued liberality of the railroads, to obtain transportation for the members free both ways. The railroads, however, will positively not pass but three delegates from a county. It is useless to ask an extension of the rule. Where, therefore, there are two or more clubs in one county, each claiming three delegates, this society cannot make application for transportation for any of them, until the several societies have arranged among themselves, and agreed upon, the three delegates to represent the county. We cannot discriminate at this office. Delegates, by agreement with the railroads, will be required to go by the most direct routes.

3. County societies must forward to [illegible] blank form, [illegible] ARTELY on the MELBOURNE [illegible] ches as where I may be always found to attend their necessities. ARTHUR C. FORD,
oct31-d3awtf Dentist.

by 20th of January, (or sooner if possible,) their reports, showing the number of members and number of meetings actually held during the last six months, according to the requirement of the constitution, and also the names of their delegates, certified to by the president and secretary of the club.

4. Life members wishing to attend the convention should give notice to the secretary, at Atlanta, by or before the 20th of January.

5. A full and interesting programme of proceedings will be made up and published in due time. The report of Dr. Pendleton, on this occasion, will be one of the most valuable and interesting he has ever made, as it will give his experiments for the past year, bearing on the cheap production of cotton and the cereals, considered in respect to the three important elements which enter into the cost of their production, viz: food, labor, fertilizers.

A. H. COLQUITT, Pres't,
MALCOLM JOHNSTON, Sec

The approaching session will be largely attended and promises beneficial results of more than ordinary magnitude, to our agricultural interests.

TOWN TOPICS.

—The statement of an old negro wench that three or four children had been recently born at her house, and the mothers were now moving in respectable circles, is a slander against the women of Atlanta, which should not have been paraded in an Atlanta newspaper; and it may be further said that the old woman made no such statement to our reporter, who gave the facts. The mania for sensationalism should be stopped short of insult to a whole community.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

TRIALS AND ELECTION.

Board met at 7 o'clock last night. All present.

First case taken up was that against policeman Busbee, for allowing lamps in his beat to burn till after sun rise. Suspended for three days.

Policeman O'Hara was arraigned for being under the influence of liquor, off duty. Reprimanded.

T. W. Barnes was elected supernumerary.

Reports of officers were read and board adjourned. Councilman Beatie, chairman of police committee, was present, consulting with the commissioners on police matters.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The annual election for officers of the Fire Department came off last night at the city hall. Jacob Emmell was re elected Chief, receiving 97 votes. Jerry Lynch, who was not a candidate, received a complimentary vote of 31 from his friends.

The race for first assistant was close between J. E. Gullatt and Henry Karwisch. Gullatt received 63; Karwisch 61; scattering 1. Mr. Gullatt was elected by a majority of one.

Frank Doonan was elected second assistant without opposition.

The chief and first assistant made handsome speeches.

Soon after the close of the vote for the second assistant the cry of "fire" was sounded, and in a second the room was cleared.

DEATH OF CAREY W. BERRY.

On Sunday evening, the 9th inst., at his residence, corner of Gilmer and Pratt streets, of bronchitis, Carey W. Berry, who was born in Newton county, and has resided in this city for the past quarter of a century. Mr. Berry was a well-known and respected railroad employee, and in his death a large circle of friends are bereft of a dear friend and companion. His family have the sympathies of the community in their bereavement.

THE DUNLAP CASE.

PRISONERS PRESENTED TO THE GRAND JURY.

A considerable crowd assembled yesterday in Justice Butt's court room, to witness the trial of A. H. Dunlap, Marshal Telfair, and Nancy Marshal, for the murder of Miss Simpson; also several witnesses who had been summoned from DeKalb. The trial, however, did not take place, as the police concluded that the shortest plan would be to bring the matter directly before the grand jury which was then in session at the city hall. The witnesses were accordingly transferred there. What the grand jury have done we are not positively informed, but it was reported last night that they had failed to find any bill.

SPEEDY JUSTICE.

The Adventures of Mr. Charles Humphries, alias McLendon.

Some of his Expeditions and Their Results.

How he Moved Mr. Ford From DeKalb to Fulton County, in a few Hours.

Final Extinguishment of a Great Genius in the Penitentiary.

HIS HOME.

Some three miles from Atlanta, and about a half mile to the right of the Macon & Western railroad, there resides, or rather did reside up to yesterday one of the most brilliant geniuses, whose exploits it has ever become our duty to record. Our hero is colored, but had he not been somewhat suddenly squelched yesterday by his Honor Judge Hopkins, he would either have been hanged, or have become a very great man. The house is not imposing. It is simply a two room cabin, so well ceiled amid the trees and foliage around that it would require a very persistent search to find it. No house could be better adapted to its purposes than was this and its owners thoroughly appreciated this fact when they took possession.

One room was occupied by Mr. William Ross, a mulatto gentleman of perhaps 40 years of age, and a man of some ability in his time but not to be compared to his partner who lived next door. This partner is the hero of our present sketch, Mr. Charley Humphries alias McClendon, is very black and stumpy. He is between forty and fifty years of age, and although his outside attractions are not overwhelming, his inside ones, as will presently be seen, totally eclipsed them.

Now Charley and William both have wives, and the average supply of little wooly heads, ranging from one to fifteen years of age. All of these heads were provided with mouths of capacious dimensions and as time rolled by the difficulties of keeping them filled became greater and greater. William and Charley had an ineffressible contempt for work, regarding that as an abuse of the liberties of a free darkey, and only to be tolerated in white trash, and low down niggers, and as they were equally well satisfied that the world owed them a living, so they determined to take it without either paying or working for it.

The division of the labor according to the talents of each, was soon made, and a verbal contract was entered into whereby Charley was to steal all he could lay his hands upon, and William was to hide the same. As there was nothing in the house to eat, and wooly heads were getting clamorous, it was further determined that their united attention should first be directed towards the matter of procuring their winter supplies.

THE FIRST EXPEDITION.

With this object in view, Charley reconnoitered several farms in the vicinity with great attention, and at some peril. He finally concluded that the corn crib on Mr. Jim Wilson's place nine miles out on the Chattahoochee river offered the best opening he had yet seen, a successful raid was consequently made on this corn crib last Thursday night week while Mr. Wilson and family were asleep. A loan of some 18 or 20 bushels of corn was effected by withdrawing a plank from the rear of the crib, and with this booty, Charley retired across the country without opposition to his own castle.

THE SECOND EXPEDITION.

Now all hands, including the wooly heads were crammed with corn bread until they could hold no more, but it was soon found out that corn bread, was pretty dry diet, unless something was had wherewith to grease it. In consequence of this fact, Charley again went forth to survey the country, and through the information he brought last with him a descent was organized upon the smokehouse of Mr. B. F. Mauk. This gentleman resides six miles from the city on the Fayetteville road. The expedition consisted of Charly himself and several boys and was made Saturday night week. It was again successful and a second time did this gifted gentleman retire homewards with much spoil. The spoil consisted of several hundred pounds of choice country cured hams shoulders, and sides.

THE THIRD EXPEDITION.

Now Charley being well filled with bacon and corn-bread, gotten neither by toil nor money and being much inflated with his success began to meditate scheme of great importance.

So he gave wider course to his observation, and made many excursions, reaching far out the country. On last Sunday he found himself near the residence of Mr. W. A. Ford of DeKalb county, some thirteen miles from the city. Here Charley laid out in the woods all day, and as night approached he took a position near the house, where with great tranquility, he awaited anything that might turn up. Now it so happened that the company of the said Ford, and of his entire family had been engaged by a neighbor, to spend the evening with them. Accordingly at six o'clock they all departed to the neighbor's house which was situated just two hundred and fifty yards from [illegible]. No sooner were they safely on [illegible] that our colored hero descended [illegible] kept the proprietor. L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor.

THE ARREST.

It so happened that Officer Spier was walking his beat, on Decatur street, when the wagon drove by. Thinking it a little unusual that a colored gentleman should be traveling alone in a wagon at that unwonted hour of the night, he hailed Charley, and asked him where he was coming from. Charley replied with the greatest frankness that he was returning from Stone Mountain, where he had been to see his sister, and that he was on his way to Fairburn, where he lived with a Mr. Westbrooks. Much more Charley said tending to show that he was an honest man, and admitted that he had meat and clothes in his wagon. He also asked the officer to accompany him through the city to see that nobody interfered with him. This Spier agreed to do, and accordingly accompanied Charley to the guard house, where he might be assured of being well taken care of.

In less than ten minutes after Charley had arrived his pursuers came riding up. They had followed him even to the guard house. It is needless to say that a full explanation ensued, the result of which was that Charley was locked up and confessed all.

Yesterday morning about seven o'clock Detectives Jones and Starnes, and Officer Spier, paid a visit to Charley's suburban residence, and here under the bed, and in barrels, they found the meat and corn above set forth. They also arrested the person of Charley's partner, William, and with their prisoner and the meat they returned to the guard house. William is still there meditating upon the uncertainty of human events, and will be tried to-day.

SPEEDY JUSTICE.

Charley's case was at once carried before the grand jury, who before ten o'clock had found a true bill against him. When arraigned in court he plead guilty, but told the judge "he would be much obleeged if he would let him off light, he wouldn't do so again." "Yes," replied his honor, "I am satisfied you won't do so again in ten years," and sentence was recorded against our hero, sending him to the penitentiary for that time. As the punishment followed the crime in less than ten hours, it may be regarded as rather swift justice, and it has extinguished one who otherwise would have been a very great man.

Ford's property was returned, and he turned the mule's head on the back track and drove off comparatively happy. The other meat is at the guard house awaiting its owner.

Job work, job work, job work. THE CONSTITUTION does all kinds of job work and book binding. Merchants, send in your orders.

See Furchgott, Benedict & Co's advertisement for information how to save money. dec24—dtf

Lecture.

At the Jewish synagogue, on Sunday next, at 7½ o'clock, p m, the Rev. Henry Gersoni will lecture on "the Demise of Jacob."

CLEARING OUT SALE of the largest and best selected stock of dry goods, carpets and silks, regardless of cost, for the next thirty days, at
F. RCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'s.
dec21—dtf

Tax Collector's Advertisement.

Our readers will find it the column of recent advertisements that the tax collector for state and county, will positively his books on the 15th instant.

As he has favored the people by postponing his final demand as long as is consistent with his public duties, it is to be hoped that all who possibly can do so, will pay before this date expires, and thus avoid the necessity of the issue of fi. fas. to force the collection, with the costs and irritations incident thereto

Georgia School of Industry and Education for Women.

All the members of this association are urgently requested to meet at Dr. W. F. Westmoreland's residence on Tuesday, the 11th at 11 o'clock, as business of importance is to be transacted. An invitation is here likewise extended to all the ladies and gentlemen who feel an interest in the scheme.

L. E. BLECKLEY, President.
S. E. GABBETT, Secretary.

SPECIAL religious services continue to be held in the First Presbyterian church. The pastor is aided by Rev. G. A. Cadwell, who has filled the pulpit for several days past, and will preach again to-night. All are invited to attend.

Facilities by an overwhelming majority will be distributed among the numerous customers of the liberal firm of Furchgott, Benedict & Co., by making a present of the ENTIRE PROFIT on their large stock of dry goods, carpets and silks, for the next 30 days. dec24—dtf

CITY LOCALS.

Dry Goods and Carpets.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE AT
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S,
No. 38 Whitehall street.

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY.

The ENTIRE PROFITS of their immense stock will be made as a PRESENT to their customers on account of a new plan adopted at all their Branches to make semi-annual CLEARING SALES of their ENTIRE WINTER STOCK of Dry Goods and Carpets, REGARDLESS OF COST. They beg to draw the attention of the PUBLIC to the fact that their purchases are made from headquarters only and they challenge and defy BOGUS ADVERTISEMENTS and prices put in by other HOUSES. Their FACILITIES and immense RETAIL BUSINESS are well known throughout the entire COMMERCIAL CIRCLE, also, that they possess advantages in purchasing above every RETAIL house in the SOUTHERN STATES. Remember, you can purchase goods for the next THIRTY DAYS from the well known firm of Furchgott, Benedict & Co. STRICTLY AT COST.

N. B.—All goods are marked in PLAIN FIGURES. Original invoices shown if required.

PRICE GOODS at OTHER HOUSES and make your purchases at No. 38 Whitehall street.

None but the best of manufactures in China, Earthenware, Queensware, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Lamp Goods, kept by Henry Seltzer.

The best and safest Kerosene Oil; the Eline, guaranteed 150 degrees fire test, for sale at Henry Seltzer's.

A Banking Counter with Desks, original cost $800, for sale cheap for want of room, at Henry Seltzer's.

Hotel keepers, Restaurants, Families, look to your interest, by buying your ware from Henry Seltzer.

Henry Seltzer, buying for exclusively cash, can, therefore, give better Ware for less money.

No article of dress requires as much attention as the collar. The Warwick collar is the one you should wear.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

ATLANTA, January 10, 1876.

Cotton closed dull at 11¼. Sales depressed and lower

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.

By wagon	10
Air-Line Railroad	29
Georgia Railroad	75
Central Railroad	00
Western and Atlantic Railroad	16
West Point Railroad	4
Total	173
Receipts previous	47,700
Total	47,870
Stock on hand September 1	575
Grand total	48,345

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	000
Shipments previous	45,422
Total	45,422
Stock on hand	2,923

RECEIPTS AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS.

	1874.	1875
Saturday	13,365	21,731
Sunday and Monday	19,784	36,708
Tuesday	14,752	
Wednesday	9,894	
Thursday	17,010	
Friday	18,610	
Various	1,729	
Total	95,183	58,439

Showing an increase of 25,290 bales, compared with corresponding days of last year.

Markets by Telegraph.

FINANCIAL

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, January 10.—Money closed at 6.

Sterling quiet.

Gold 113¾.

Governments dull and strong; new fives 117.

State bonds quiet and nominal

...onstitution

OLD MIRROR.

...ily at twilight,
In the hollow gloom
Of the dim old mirror,
Phantasmal faces loom:

Noble antique faces
Sad as with the weight
Of some ancient sorrow,
Some ancestral fate:

Little rose-tipped faces,
Locks of golden shine,
Laughing eyes of childhood
Looking into mine:

Sweet auroral faces,
Like the morning's bloom;
Ah, how long and long ago,
Shrouded for the tomb!

In a bridal chamber
One the mirror hung,
Draperies of Indian looms
Over it were flung.

From its gilded sconces,
Fretted now with mold,
Waxen tapers glimmered
On cascanets of gold.

Perfumes of the summer night
Were through the lattice blown,
Scents of briar-roses
And meadows newly mown.

The mirror, then, looked eastward
And caught the mornings bloom,
And flooded with its rosy gold
The dream light of the room.

To-night 'tis looking westward
Toward the sunset wall;
The wintry day is wanting,
The dead leaves drift and fall.

All about the hearth-stone
The whitening ashes blow,
The wind is wailing an old song
Heard long and long ago.

Like the dead leaves drifting
Through the wintry air,
Like white ashes sifting
O'er the hearth-stone bare.

Sad ancestral faces,
Wan as moon-lit snow,
Haunt the dim old mirror
That knew them long ago.

SARAH HEELN WHITMAN.

—Shay, 've yen (hic) schwore off?

—What Washington really needs is a statesman who does not have to live up to his wife's gros grain silk.

—Mrs. Grundy says Mrs. Grant doesn't look a day older than when she first came to Washington, ten years ago.

—Some of the Gotham girls compromised with their New Year's callers by giving 'em lager beer.

—Whole years of joy glide unperceived away, while sorrow counts the minutes as they pass.

—This being leap-year, ladies will govern themselves accordingly; to some of them we might say "Look before you leap!"

—California desires the whipping post for cruel husbands. Why not, also, revive the ducking stool for certain wives?

—Richard Grant White, the celebrated grammarstar and hyperpragmatical monument of syntaxical prosomania, has almost recovered his health.

—Beecher ought to emigrate to Texas, as under the new constitution of that state nine to three of a jury may render a verdict.

—It is said that Chicago ladies faint away in church in order that other ladies may have a chance to inspect their jewelry and make sure that it did not come from the dollar store.

—An Iowa colonel who has survived four wives, and is only ninety-two years old, is about to wed a young lady of sixty-seven summers or thereabout. The name of the contracting parties are Colonel Williard Griswold (he fit into the war of '12), and Nancy Masor (who only fit into her clothes).

—Bishop Stephens, of Philadelphia, has ordained as a deacon in the Episcopal church, Mr. Benjamin T. Hutchins, recently a major in the United States cavalry, prior to that colonel of the First New Hampshire cavalry, and still earlier, reporter on a Boston newspaper.

—The marriage of Clara Louise Kellogg with Mr. Smith of New York is denied, but so far we are unable to trace it to an authentic source. It is known that the bridal trousseau is being made, part in New York and the balance by Worth of Paris. Mr. Smith is represented as very wealthy.

—The only articles of clothing which we export to Africa are glass beads and brass rings which the negroes wear in their noses. Those constitute full dress in Africa, though aristocratic natives sometimes rub themselves with grease and then sprinkle themselves with yellow sand.

—Just as the Prince of Wales was on the eve of leaving Bombay, a little girl, who was one of the spectators on the railway platform, stretched out her arms to him and exclaimed: "Oh, dear, what a handsome man you are!" The prince smiled and bowed. So writes the Calcutta correspondent of the Times.

—A Vermont genius is trying to manufacture false hair from basswood. It is to be hoped he will succeed. It will be more pleasant for a fellow to gaze from his pillow in the morning upon the switch hanging over the back of a chair, and wonder what tree it came from, than to speculate upon what dead woman it was once attached to.

—Word comes from Dresden that Mafuka, the supposed female gorilla in the zoological gardens there, is dead. She died in director Schopf's arms, it is said, after apparently recognizing the relationship and kissing the director tenderly thrice. Mafuka lived many years as a chimpanzee and only enjoyed gorilla honors a few months.

—The national museum of Bucharest has been robbed of its principal treasure, the famous golden hen and chickens. The group—which was of pure gold, elaborately adorned with precious stones, and weighed 34 pounds—was of ancient workmanship, and was dug up some years ago at Petrosa. The robbers also carried away the massive golden amphoras and pocetal which came from Petrosa. A portion of the broken head of the golden hen was found in the snow, outside the museum building.

—"I wouldn't be such a Christian as you, John," said his wife, as she stood at the door way, dressed for church. "You can go with me very well if you wanted to." "How can I?" he half sobbed. "There's the wood to be split and the ashes to be shoveled over to the other side of the shed, and no dishes washed for dinner yet." "Ah, I didn't think of that," she murmered thoughtfully, and giving her new cloak a fresh hitch aft, sailed out alone.

—Forty-eight hours make a pretty long day, and yet the English parliament, whose authority is not to be gainsayed, fixed that limit once. Finding, or fancying, that it was inconvenient for business purposes to have more days in one year than in another, the statute 21 Henry III, declared that, in leap year, the 28th and 29th of February should be considered as one day. Such was the law in Blackstone's time.

Summary of State News.

AMERICUS.

—Col. C. W. Hancock is rapidly convalescing.

—Dancing in the vestibule of the Baptist church during evening services, is the latest performance of some of our young buckshots.—Republican.

AUGUSTA.

—A distinguished confederate soldier suggests turning the chimney of the powder works into a memorial with marble tablets on its sides.

—George Bolton fooled with an axe twice the mark with only five toes.

—Georgia railroad stock is again on the rise.

—A bold attempt was made to assassinate Dr. C. C. Pritchard at the Sand Hills. He was called to the door at two o'clock Saturday morning, and stabbed twice in the head as he opened the door to enquire who wanted him. The wounds are serious, but not necessarily fatal. It is supposed that the object of the robber was to kill the doctor and then rob the house.

—Nearly all the old city officers were re-elected.—Constitutionalist.

—Thomas Withers, a colored barber obtained a verdict of $500 against the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta railroad for damages to his head caused by jumping off an excursion train.

—A new Baptist church was constituted on Friday night in the well known Carnia chapel, on Broad street, in the upper part of the city. The name assumed is the Curtis Broad street Baptist church.—Chronicle.

COLUMBUS.

—The Palace mills are to be rebuilt.

—Peter Finnegan was sentenced yesterday to be hung on the 11th of February to be hung on the same days of ...ary is about twenty-one years of ...

...ert Chilton, son of Gen. R. H. Chilton, formerly of Gen. R. E. Lee's staff, was yesterday admitted to the practice of law on the exhibition of his diploma from Maryland.—Enquirer.

—We learned yesterday that the negroes, who are intended for the west are sent to Cuba instead. When they reach New Orleans they are put upon boats of a steamer and taken to Cuba to make sugar.

—The Atlanta and West Point railroad have declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent. payable on demand. This is a good and safe investment for these times.—Times.

CANTON.

—A rich vein of gold, it is said, has been discovered at the old Gregory place, owned by Mrs. Payne.

—Warren Barrett, of Shakerag district, made four thousand and five hundred gallons of sorghum syrup worth $2,250, of which Mr Barrett received one-third for his share.

—Col. Hoskins has leased the mineral lands of Mr. W. T. Popham, two miles from this place, and will open up the mines with convicts.

—Robert Hillhouse has tapped his gold vein in several places, and every evidence promises most encouraging results.

—The following is the result of the municipal election: For mayor, W. A. Teasely; aldermen, J M McAfee, J B Barton, Jabez Galt, N J Garrison, Jas. O Dowda; recorder, J W Hudson.—Georgian.

CARTERSVILLE.

—We regret to hear that many of our citizens in the country, are loosing immense quantities of pork from the unseasonable weather. One citizen informed us on Wednesday morning that he had lost six hundred pounds, and that his neighbors, most of whom had put up large quantities, had lost every pound of it.

—Cartersville is proud over the first rose of winter. But the lilly she sent to Columbus is the most fragrant of all.

—Fifteen car loads of machinery arrived on Friday, in the way of spindles, looms, etc., for the cotton factory.

—We do not speak authoritatively, but we judge from indications we have seen, that the iron furnace of our esteemed fellow citizen, Mr. R. L. Rogers, a few miles above Cartersville, will soon be in operation.

—We are sorry to learn that our excellent friend, Rev. Wm. Cunyus, is still suffering with pains in his chest. He was enabled to go out to Taylorsville a few days ago and sit in the examination of the young man Johnson, who was charged with raping a young lady in the 17th district. Johnson is now in jail in Cartersville, having been committed by Esquire Cunyus to stand his trial for rape.

GRIFFIN.

—N. C. Munroe elected president of the Stonewall fire company. A merited promotion.

—Farmers are selling their surplus corn.

—The "belles" linger still, and the young men are are correspondingly happy. Houston, Atlanta and Forsyth—it is hard to tell which wins the premium.—News.

MADISON.

—A shirt that fits is a rare thing under the sun—but not rare over a son.

—Rev. J. H. Kinnebrew, on one half acre, made a bale of cotton that weighed 430 pounds.

—A party of ten or fifteen gentlemen and ladies have planned a ten day's excursion to Florida, and will leave via the "Magnolia route" some time next week.

—Tramps ask to be put in jail when they reach Madison.

—Mr. Long was stabbed by Floyd Step on Saturday night last, at Rutledge, while standing talking with some friends. The cut was in the shoulder and very painful but not serious.

—The Georgia railroad company has had the large scope of land which lies in the centre of Rutledge, laid off in lots, which will be sold at auction on the 22d day of this month.—Home Journal.

ROME.

—Rome telegraph office sent 892 messages, received about the same number in December and took in $514,81.

—A little negro boy on Gen. Black's plantation found a pocket book a few days ago containing a considerable amount of money. He tore the larger bills into small pieces so as to have, as he expressed it, a heap of money. The small bills he tore in two. Very little if any of the money could be used, as the fragments had been scattered to the four winds before the matter was discovered.

—Thousands of pounds of pork have been spoiled in Chattooga county, as well as in Floyd, by the warm spell.

—Mrs. Mills, Park Bowie and Mr. Halsted Smith returned from Atlanta yesterday and report the carnival a success.

—The mule market is glutted and a good mule can be bought in Rome for $80.

—Mr W. K. Harris has superseded Mr. H. H. Freyer as postmaster at Kingston.—Commercial.

THOMASVILLE.

—A grey eagle was killed in this county last week by Mr. D. E. Chastian, which measured seven feet from tip to tip. Its claws when distended, spread out seven and a half inches.—Times.

WEST POINT.

—The following officers of the Y. M. L. A. for the present year were elected at a late meeting: President, A. P. Mooty; vice president, J. J. Smith; secretary, J. O. Roberts; treasurer, Morris Herzbeg; directors, G. W. McElhaney, W. T. Shephard, R. A. S. Freeman, R H. Sledge, T. P. Nolan, E M. Williams.—State Line Press.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

—R A Young to Miss Sallie Adams, of Eatonton.

—J A Rowland to Miss Emma Wiggins, of Schley county.

—Henry Johnson to Miss Lula Phears, of Troup county.

—Jacob Veasey to Miss Martha Cumbill, of Troup county.

—Frank Birdsong to Miss Cynthia M Henderson, of Troup county.

—Dr C M Hill to Miss Mary Julia Hill, of West Point.

—J P Lewis, of Adairsville, to Miss Ada C Galt, of Canton.

—J H Elder, of Floyd county, to Miss Alice S Abercrombie, of Douglass county.

DIED IN GEORGIA.

—A J Bonner, of Madison.

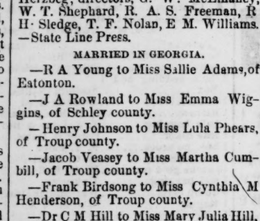
—J Allen, of Morgan county, aged 94.

—J Lippman, of Savannah.

How the Blood is Filtered.

When the blood contains the acrid elements which produce rheumatism, gout and venal disorders, the kidneys ought, for it is their office, to filter from the blood, in its passage through them, these hurtful impurities. When they do not, they may be incited to a thorough performance of their duty, and the blood thoroughly depurated by that admirable corrective of organic inactivity, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only is torpidity of the kidneys overcome, through the agency of the Bitters, but digestion is facilitated, bilious tendencies counteracted, and the bowels stimulated to a due discharge of their function, which, in connection with that of the kidneys tends to free the system from the bodily refuse, whose retention is so prejudicial to health.

jan8—deod1w&w1t



NEW AGRICULTURAL
STEAM ENGINES
FOR 1875.

More effective, and more complete, and more readily adapted to the various agricultural uses than any other in the market. Practical improvements accumulated from twenty years' manufacturing experience, with reputation maintained and success established.

Send for Circulars descriptive, and containing testimonials concerning our Portable Stationary and Agricultural Steam Engines

WOOD, TABER & MORSE,
Eaton, Madison county, New York.
...&w7m

MARKET REPORTS.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, January 10.—Cotton dull; sales 713 bales; uplands 13 5-16; Orleans 13¾.

Futures opened quiet; January 13 1 32@13 9-32, February 13 9 32@13 5-16; March 13 17-32@13 9-16, April 13¾@13 13-32; May 13 15-16@13 31-32.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn active and advancing. Pork firm at $20 87½@21. Lard firm; steam 13 15-16. Turpentine heavy at 38½@39. Rosin dull at $1 65@$1 75 for strained. Freights heavy.

Money 6. Gold 113. Exchange—long $4 85; short $4 89. Stocks active. Governments active and strong. State bonds quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 10.—noon.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6⅜; middling Orleans 7¼; sales 10,000 bales including 2,000 for speculation and export; receipts 4,000; American 3,700; cotton to arrive weaker; free sellers at Saturday night's prices; sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings shipped in December 6 13-16.

LIVERPOOL, January 10.—3:00 P.M.—Cotton sales of American to-day 8,100 bales; sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings shipped in February or March 6 15-16.

LIVERPOOL, January 10—4:30 P.M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings shipped in February or March per half 6 13-16; do January or February delivery 6 11-16.

LONDON, January 10.—Erie 14¼.

PARIS, January 10.—Rentes 67f 85c.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

CORRECTED DAILY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., January 10, 1876.

REMARKS.—Business opens dull at unchanged quotations.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—			
Buying	111	Selling	113
SILVER—			
Buying	104	Selling	108
EXCHANGE—			
Buying at	par	Selling	¼ prem
BONDS—			
Georgia 6s	90@92	Atlanta City 8s	85@87
Georgia 7s	100@102	Atlanta 10s	103@105
Ga. 7s gold	99@101	Aug'sta City 7s	82@84
Ga. 8s	103@105	Georgia R. R.	95@98
Atlanta Water 7s	81@83	A. & W. P. R. R. 8s	100
Atlanta City 7s	75@78	Savannah City	82@84
STOCKS—			
Ga. R. R.	78@80	A. & W. P. R. R.	70.75
C. R. R.	46@48		

Atlanta Produce Market.

PORK—gross	7@7½
BEEF CATTLE	2@3
EGGS	20
BUTTER—	
Country	20
Tennessee	22@25
POULTRY—	
Grown chickens	20
Spring chickens	15
Geese	40@50
Ducks	20
Turkeys	75@1 00
DRESSED POULTRY AND GAME—	
Turkeys	10@12½
Chickens	8@10
Geese	10
Ducks	12½
Squirrels	10
Rabbits	8
Possum	25@40
FEATHERS	50@60
BEESWAX	25@27
RAGS	2½@3
DRIED FRUIT—	
Peaches, unpeeled	8¾
Peaches halves	8¾@9
Peaches peeled	10@12½
Apples peeled	7@7½
Apples unpeeled	no market

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN—	
Prime white	65@68
MEAL	63@68
GRITS	$6
WHEAT	$1 25@$1 45
WHEAT BRAN	$1 10@$1 20
BARLEY	$1 25
RYE	$1 35
OATS	60@70
HAY—	
Timothy	$1 35
Clover	$1 10@1 40
Tennessee	$1 10@1 30
POTATOES—	
PEAS—	
Stock	$1 00@$1 10
Sweet	50@75 per bushel
Irish	$3@3 25 per barrel
CABBAGE	market overstocked
ONIONS	$3 50 per bbl

Molasses—

Barrels	33
Tierces	32
Hhds	31
SYRUPS	50@65

Mackerel—

No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits	$1 75 @2
No 2 half bbls $6 50; kits	$1 25@1 40
No. 3 bbls $9 50; half $6 00; kits	$1 15
COFFEE—	
Rio	22@24
Java	37½
SUGAR—	
A	11¾
White extra C	11
Extra C	10¾
Yellow	8@9¾
Demerara	11
New Orleans	10¼@10½
FLOUR—	
Fancy	$8 00
Extra family	$7 00@7 50
Family	$6 50@6 75
Extra	$6 25@6 50
Superfine	$5 50
BACON—	
Clear sides	none
Clear rib sides	none
Shoulders	10
SUGAR MEATS—	
Clear sides	11½
Clear rib sides	11½
Long clear sides	11¾
Shoulders	8½
HAMS—	
Sugar-cured hams	16
Bulk hams	12½
LARD—	
Tierces	14@15
Kegs and cans	14½@16
Buckets	14½@16
HOMINY	$5 50
CHEESE	15@15½
VINEGAR	25@40
SOAP—	
Poor man's	$3 25@$3 50
Diamond	$3 25@$3 50
English crown	$3 25@$3 50
SUNDRIES—	
Bologna	12½@15
Dried Beef	16@17½
Buckwheat Flour	$12 per bbl
Atmore's Mince Meat, half bbls	12½

Wines and Liquors.

CORN WHISKEY—	
Proof, 100 per cent	$1 45@1 90
80 per ct	$1 20

Miscellaneous.

LIME—35s40; hydraulic $1 50.	
NAILS—	
12d, 10d	$3 50
LEATHER—	
Sole, hemlock, good damaged	36@38
Good	29@33
White oak	40@50
Black upper	40@55
SALT—	
Liverpool	$1 50
POWDER—	
Rifle	$6 00
Blasting	$4 50
SHOT—	
Buck	$2 75
Drop	$2 50
BAGGING—	
Domestic	14
Borneo	14
Gunny	none
IRON TIES—	
	5½
Plod	4½

Dry Goods.

TICKING	8@24
STRIPES	9@15
OSNABURGS	10½@12
CAMBRICS	6¾@7¾
PRINTS	6¾@7½
BROWN SHEETINGS	5¾@9
SHIRTINGS	6½@8½
Bleached sheetings and shirtings	8@15½
DOMESTICS—	
4-4	8@8½
7-8	7@7½
3-4	5½@6
YARNS	$1 10

Fruits and Confectioneries.

APPLES—Georgia raised	$2 25@$2 50 per bbl
Northern	$5 50@6
PEARS	$5 00@$6 00
ORANGES—	
Louisiana, each	2½@3
Florida	2½@3
LEMONS	$12 50
Palermo	14@15
RAISINS—	
Layers, whole, per box	$3 00@$3 50
Layer, half "	$1 75@$2 00
CURRANTS—	
In barrels	10
CITRON—	
Leghorn per lb	35
FIGS—	
Selected Eleme, drums per lb	17½
DATES—In frails	5½
PRUNES—In barrels, per lb	14@15
NUTS AND ALMONDS—	
Languedoc	25
Tarragona	25
Pecan Nuts	20
Brazil	12½@15
English Walnuts	15@20
Filberts	12½@15
PEA NUTS—	
Tennessee choice, per bushel	$1 @2
Wilmington, fancy, per lb	9@10
TEAS—in five pound caddies—	
Oolong	$1 00@1 25
Imperial	$1 00@1 25
FIRE CRACKERS—	
No. 1 extra, 40 packages per box	$3 50

Tobacco.

CHEWING—	
Common, sound, 11-in new per lb.	50@55
Common, sound, 11-in old per lb.	56@63
Medium, 11-in old	65@75
Good 11-in old	68@75
Fine 11-in old	75@85
Bright navys	58@65
Eights 6-in	60@65
Good	70@75
Fine 12-in, pounds, good	85@90
Stubbs A A A	$1 10
Brown's Extra, 12-in	$1 00
Log Cabin, 12 in	$1 00
SMOKING—	
Durham, per pound	65
Cavendish	$1

CARPETS!

WM. A. HAYGOOD,
21 Marietta, corner Broad Street
DEALER IN
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Curtains, Lambrequins, Shades and Upholstery Goods.

CATOOSA LIME WORKS

C. W. GRAY & CO.,
Graysville.....Georgia.

CONTRACTORS AND LIME DEALERS will find us prepared to supply the cheapest Lime in the market. The capacity of our Kiln enables us to always fill orders without delay. The high character already attained by our Lime, as evinced by the endorsement of builders and architects all over the country, fully proves its good quality. We guarantee a bushel of our Lime to yield as much when slaked and to form as strong a bond in work as any in the market, and invite comparison and test with any other lime. Analysis of our Plastering Lime, by Prof. Wm. J. Land, of Atlanta, shows 90 per cent. of carbonate of lime, proving it to be one of the purest in the world.

Our Hydraulic Lime

is superior for cisterns, sewers, foundation walls, and will give satisfaction for any purpose.

Special rates of freight on car load from the works to all the principal points in the South.

To Planters.

We will furnish Lime for Agricultural Purposes cheaper than any other Works in the South can do. aug6—dsun-wed6m

LADD'S ALKALINE FERTILIZER
TRADE MARK
ATLANTA GEORGIA

None Genuine except this Brand is on the barrel. A. G. LADD, Agent,
oct15—d1y No. Broad St., Atlanta

NOTICE.

ATLANTA, December 9th, 1875.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Wm. M. Pendleton & Co., Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, for the purpose of renewing the limited partnership heretofore existing in the Cigar and Tobacco business. The unsettled business of said firm will be closed by the new firm. Pendleton & Kennedy.

WM. M. PENDLETON,
General Partner,
JNO. P. CRICHTON,
December 9, 1875. Special Partner.
dec10—dlaw6w

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

THIS is to certify that Wm. M. Pendleton and Henry P. Kennedy, of said county, as general partners, and John P. Crichton, of the same county, as special partner, have this day entered into a copartnership under the name and firm of Pendleton & Kennedy, in which name their business will be conducted.

The business of said partnership will be the buying and selling Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, and such things as are legitimately connected with said business, by Wholesale and Retail, in the city of Atlanta.

The names of all the general partners are Wm. M. Pendleton and Henry P. Kennedy, and the name of the special partner is John P. Crichton, all of whom reside in the city of Atlanta, Georgia. John P. Crichton, the special partner, has contributed ten thousand dollars ($10,000 00) cash to the common stock of said copartnership, which been has actually and bona fide put in to said partnership business. Said partnership to commence on the 10th day of December, 18.5, and to continue for the term of three years next ensuing the date hereof.

WM. M. PENDLETON,
HENRY P. KENNEDY,
General Partners,
JNO. P. CRICHTON,
Special Partner.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

I, J. W. Culpepper, a Notary Public in and for said county, do hereby certify that Wm. M. Pendleton, Henry P. Kennedy, general partners, and John P. Crichton, special partner, the parties signing the above, to me well known, came before me this day and severally acknowledge the above paper as genuine, and that the above are their signatures. December 9, 1875.

J. W. CULPEPPER, N. P.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

Personally came Wm. M. Pendleton and Henry P. Kennedy, general partners of the firm of Pendleton & Kennedy, who, on oath, say that they are the only general partners of said firm. That the certificate for said partnership has been made and filed as required by law. That John P. Crichton is the only special partner in said firm, and that said John P. Crichton has paid into the common stock of said partnership actually and bona fide, in cash, the sum of ten thousand dollars, and that the facts stated in the above certificate of the terms of said partnership are true.

WM. P. PENDLETON,
H. P. KENNEDY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 9th day of December, 1875.

J. W. CULPEPPER, N. P.
—dec10 1alaw6wsun

THE MOST PERFECT MADE.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
TRADE MARK
SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS
LEMON SUGAR, ETC.
ONE THIRD IS SAVED

in quantity by their perfect purity and great strength; the only kinds made by a practical Chemist and Physician, with scientific care to insure uniformity, healthfulness, delicacy and freedom from all injurious substances. They are far superior to the common adulterated kinds. Obtain the genuine. Observe our Trade Marks as above, "Cream" Baking Powder, "Hand and Cornucopia." Buy the Baking Powder only in cans securely labelled. Many have been deceived in loose or bulk Powder sold as Dr. Price's.

Manufactured only by
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Alfred A. Dyer, bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Alfred A. Dyer, of the county of Gwinnett, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States for said District. December 30th, 1875.

JAMES D. SPENCE,
jan2—w3t Assignee

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

$7,000; oats 6,000; barley 1,000; hogs 6,000; cattle 0.

CINCINNATI QUOTATIONS

CINCINNATI, January 10

Advertisement Col...

Legal.

Fulton Sheriff's Sales.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Forty-two barrels golden syrup, fifty barrels mixed syrup, one hundred barrels flour branded "Belle Creole," seventy-eight barrels flour branded "Magnolia Mills," fifty barrels mackerel, forty-five half barrels mackerel, and one hundred fifty kegs nails. Levied on as the property of West, Edwards & Co., A H Thompson and E B Edwards, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of H Castleman, Receiver, vs. West, Edwards & Co., A H Thompson and E B Edwards.

Also, at the same time and place, A certain parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the county of Fulton and state of Georgia, being part of land lot No. (81) eighty-one, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., containing eleven acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: On the north by the Western and Atlantic railroad, west by Echol's and Powell, on the south by Loyd's land and on the east by Sasseen's land, with all the rights, members, etc. Levied on as the property of Alfred M. Wingfield, administrator, and Madison Stratten, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of Collier and Hoyt vs Alfred M. Wingfield, administrator, and Madison Stratten, and transferred to Fielding Gwynn & Co.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot containing one-eighth of an acre situated on Fort and Fain streets, in the fourth ward of the city of Atlanta, adjoining Smith and Phillips, it being part of land lot No 45, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry now Fulton county. Also, a lot forty by one hundred feet on Valentine street, in the fourth ward of the city of Atlanta, adjoining Rich and Rich, in land lot 51 in said district and county. Also, a lot containing 3-8 of an acre on Randolph street, in the fourth ward of said city, adjoining the property of McKenney, it being part of land lot No 19 in said district and county. Levied on as the property of West, Edwards & Co, to satisfy their state and county tax for the year 1875.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot containing 1-8 of an acre, situated on Collins street in the 4th ward of the city of Atlanta, adjoining the property of O'Neil and Willis, it being part of land lot No. 53 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of Shelton Edwards, to satisfy his state and county taxes for the year 1875.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the 14th district of Fulton county, in said state, part of land lot 82, being part of what is known as the subdivision of the Morrison property, in the city of Atlanta, fronting on east side of Marietta street 25 feet and running back northeasterly to a twenty foot alley, 160 feet more or less, said lot known as the subdivision of the Morrisson property, as per survey and plat made in January, 1867, as lot No 2 in block No 1. Levied on as the property of A R Churchill, by virtue of and to satisfy five fi fas, issued from the justice's court of the 1238th district G. M., in favor of J R Wallace vs A R Churchill. Levies made by J G Walker, L C, and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, the one-half undivided interest in a city lot in the first ward of the city of Atlanta, situated in Markham street, known as No. 32, adjoining the property of Gramling and Bell, being part of land lot No. 84, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of W. R. Phillips, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Susan L. Solomon, executrix, estate of Wm Solomon, deceased, vs Jacob L Johnson, principal, and W R Phillips security. Property pointed out by plaintiff attorneys.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot fronting 23 feet on Broad street, in the 5th ward of the city of Atlanta, and running back east 105 feet, adjoining the property of York and Boyd, it being part of land lot No. 78 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of W K Phillips, by virtue of and to satisfy two fi fas issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Susan L Solomon, executrix estate of Wm Solomon, deceased, vs W R Phillips. Property pointed out in fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot and the improvements on the same, containing three-eighths of an acre, more or less, situated on Hunter street, in the fourth ward of the city of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Zeiner and Frances, it being part of land lot No 52, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of C W Beall by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa. issued from Fulton Superior court in favor of Susan L Solomon, executrix estate of Wm Solomon, deceased, vs C W Beall.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land situated in the city of Atlanta, and known and distinguished in the plat of the subdivision of the Edwin Payne property made by Hugh Angier and W B Bass of record in the clerk's office of the superior court of said county as lots Nos. 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 69, 74, 76, 81, 83, 84, 85 and 86, containing seven acres more or less, and are portions of land lot No. 79 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of J G W Mills, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court (for the purchase money) in favor of C M Payne, estate of Edwin Payne, deceased, vs J G W Mills.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot and the improvement thereon, on the corner of Marietta Bartow and Walton streets, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Moor, it being part of land lot No. 78 in the 4th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing one-half acre more or less. Levied on as the property of F N Chisolm, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior court, in favor of D H Holtman vs. D A Smith.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain brick house and the lot upon which it is situated, on Forsyth street, adjoining another brick house on the corner of Forsyth and Luckie streets, formerly owned by Thomas Whitaker. Levied on as the property of Reuben T. Jourdan, trustee for wife and children, by virtue of and to satisfy three fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1234th district, G. M., in favor of W S Bell & Co. vs. Reuben T Jourdan, trustee for wife and children. Levies made by Wm Thompson, L C, and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place a lot of land on Racetrack street in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, fronting said street seventy feet, more or less, and running back 200 feet, more or less, bounded on the southwest by Holland's land, on the northeast by Davis' land, in land lot No 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county. Levied on as the property of Laura A Falconer, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta, in favor of Turner Goldsmith vs Laura A Falconer. Property pointed out in fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place, all that teact or parcel of land in Atlanta, Georgia, being the north half of city lot No 77, on land lot 51, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, fronting on Collins street and the dividing line to run from said street back through said 77, equally dividing the same, and the parts therein conveyed, being north of said line, and fronting the M A Bell lot. Levied on as the property of W A Downs, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of W J Houston, treasurer Gate City Loan and Building Association vs W A Downs. Property pointed out in mortgage fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place, one house and lot on the corner of Hunter and Butler streets, fronting on Hunter street 65 feet, more or less, and on Butler street 60 feet, more or less, adjoining defendant's property each way, being part of original lot No 52, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of A McWaters, by virtue of, and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the justice court of the 1026th district, G M, in favor of W A Hemphill & Co. vs A Mc Waters. Levy made by J R Thomson, L C, and handed to me.

Also at the same time and place, three suits of furniture: one D. C. Suit, viz: 1 bedstead, one dressing case, one washstand one marble top table; also one suit, viz: 1 bedstead, dressing case, wash stand and table; also, a suit of dressing case, bedstead, wash-stand and table. Levied on as the property of James L Watkins by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa, issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of John S Paine vs. James L Watkins.

Also, at the same time and place, one pair of 3 ton Fairbank's platform scales now in the coal yard on the corner of Broad and Alabama streets, in the city of Atlanta. Levied on as the property of D A Smith, to satisfy a fi. fa. from Fulton superior court, in favor of D H Holtman vs. D A Smith.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract or parcel of land lying and being in the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, the same being part of land lot No. 107, in said 17th district, containing 15 acres more or less, bounded north by a new street, called Emmett street, east by land owned by James McDonald on the 21st day of August, 1861, and south by R Peters, and west by land now occupied by Theodore McAskewkil. Levied on as the property of Solomon Landis by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of Wm. Markham vs. Solomon Landis. Property pointed out in fi. fa.

Also, at the same time and place, city lot in the city of Atlanta, and buildings thereon, fronting over 100 feet, more or less, on Walton street and 130 feet, more or less, on Cone and Grubb streets, 100 feet more or less, containing one-half acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of F N Chisolm by virtue of and to satisfy seven fi fas from the justice's court of the 1234th district G M, in favor of John Neal vs F N Chisolm and R L Chisolm. Levy made and returned to me by William Thompson, L C.

Also, at the same time and place, lot in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, fronting fifty feet, more or less, on Kolbs street, and running back 200 feet, more or less, adjoining land of Lizzie Johnson and others. Levied on as the property of Caroline Rictor, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa. from the justices court of the 1026th district, G. M., in favor of Meadoe Brothers, vs. Caroline Rictor. Levy made, and returned to me by William Thompson, L. C. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also, at the same time and place, a parcel of land lying in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, known in the plan of said city as part of block No. 186, bounded as follows: on south by an alley 200 feet, on east by a street along the old Monroe railroad right of way 195 feet, thence west parallel with north line 340 feet and along south side of the Mineral Spring lot, thence south at right angles to an alley on south line, and containing one acre, more or less, being part of land lot No. 78, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of George Johnson, administrator, etc., by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of John Robinson, jr., vs. George Johnson, administrator, etc. Property pointed out in m